

**“EVOLIUM BTS A9100”**  
**(Alcatel technology)**

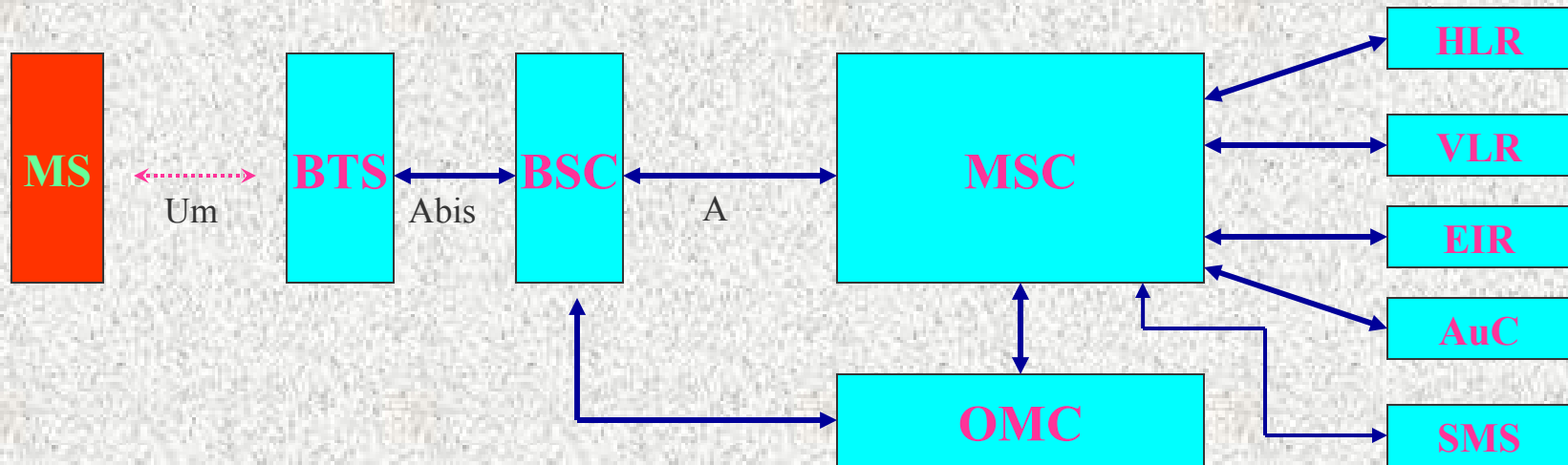
**Manufactured by**

**M/s ITI Mankapur**

**&**

**M/s ITI Raebareli**

# GSM Network Elements



MS  
BTS  
BSC  
MSC

Mobile Station.  
Base Transceiver Station  
Base Station Controller  
Mobile Services Switching Center.

HLR  
VLR  
EIR  
AuC  
SMS

Home Location Register.  
Visitor Location Register.  
Equipment Identity Register  
Authentication Center.  
Short Message Service.

## 2.1 General characteristics

| G4 BTS – MBI      |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Definition        |   |
| Network           | GSM 850<br>or GSM 900,<br>or GSM 1800,<br>or GSM 1900,<br>or Multiband 900/1800 & 900/1900. |
| Cabinet           | MBI3 or MBI5  |
| Number of sectors | Max. 3 in MBI3 cabinet,<br>Max. 4 in a MBI5 cabinet.  |

**EVOLIUM A9100**  
**INDOOR-BTS**  
**(MBI5)**



**EVOLIUM A9100**

**INDOOR-BTS**

**(MBI3)**



**The BTS A9100's has modular design which allows following configurations:**

- Omni Configuration,**
  - Sectorized Configuration and**
  - Multi Band Architecture.**
- Configurations are built from a small primary components.**

## **Quality of BTS.(as per Alcatel version)**

- Very high radio performances, in particular
  - \* Reception sensitivity, -111 dBm,
  - \* Improved Output Power, (Standard 45 W),
- Radio (synthesizer) Frequency Hopping,
- Antenna Diversity (as standards option),
- Minimum Service Interruption
- Very High BTS availability

Due to Module Reliability

Due to System Architecture,

- Optimized software release migration. (Simultaneously stores two software-versions).

## **Flexibility of BTS.**

- Wide possibilities of extensions and sectorization, within the same cabinet, e.g., the MBO2 cabinet can accommodate up to six sectors with a twelve-TRX total capacity,
- Outdoor BTS modularity provides flexibility for other equipments (Transmission Equipment, Batteries, Microwave, DDF etc.),
- System Architecture and Cabinet for GSM 850, GSM 900, GSM 1800 and GSM 1900 remains the same,
- High modularity,
- Reduced set of modules and a common interface.



## **Future Proof BTS.**

- GPRS Ready
- EDGE Ready by “add TRE” operation
- UMTS Ready: the MBI5 and MBO2 outdoor cabinet allow mixed configurations GSM + UMTS.

# EVOLIUM A9100

## INDOOR – BTS

( MBI3 )

## RACK & SUBRACK

- Rack Frame (1),
- Connection Shelf (1),
- STASR (3).

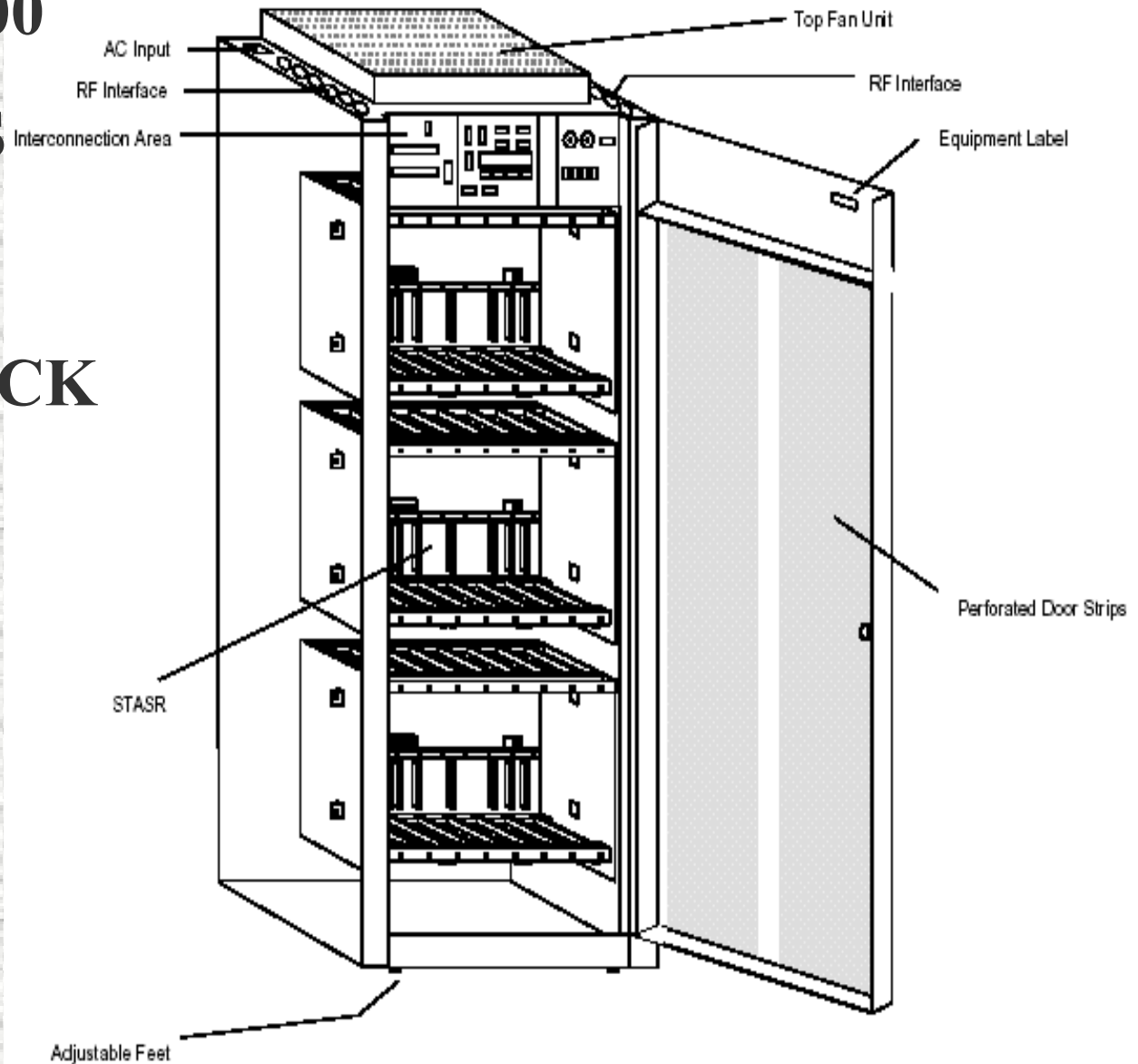


Figure 196: MBI3 Equipped with Empty Subracks

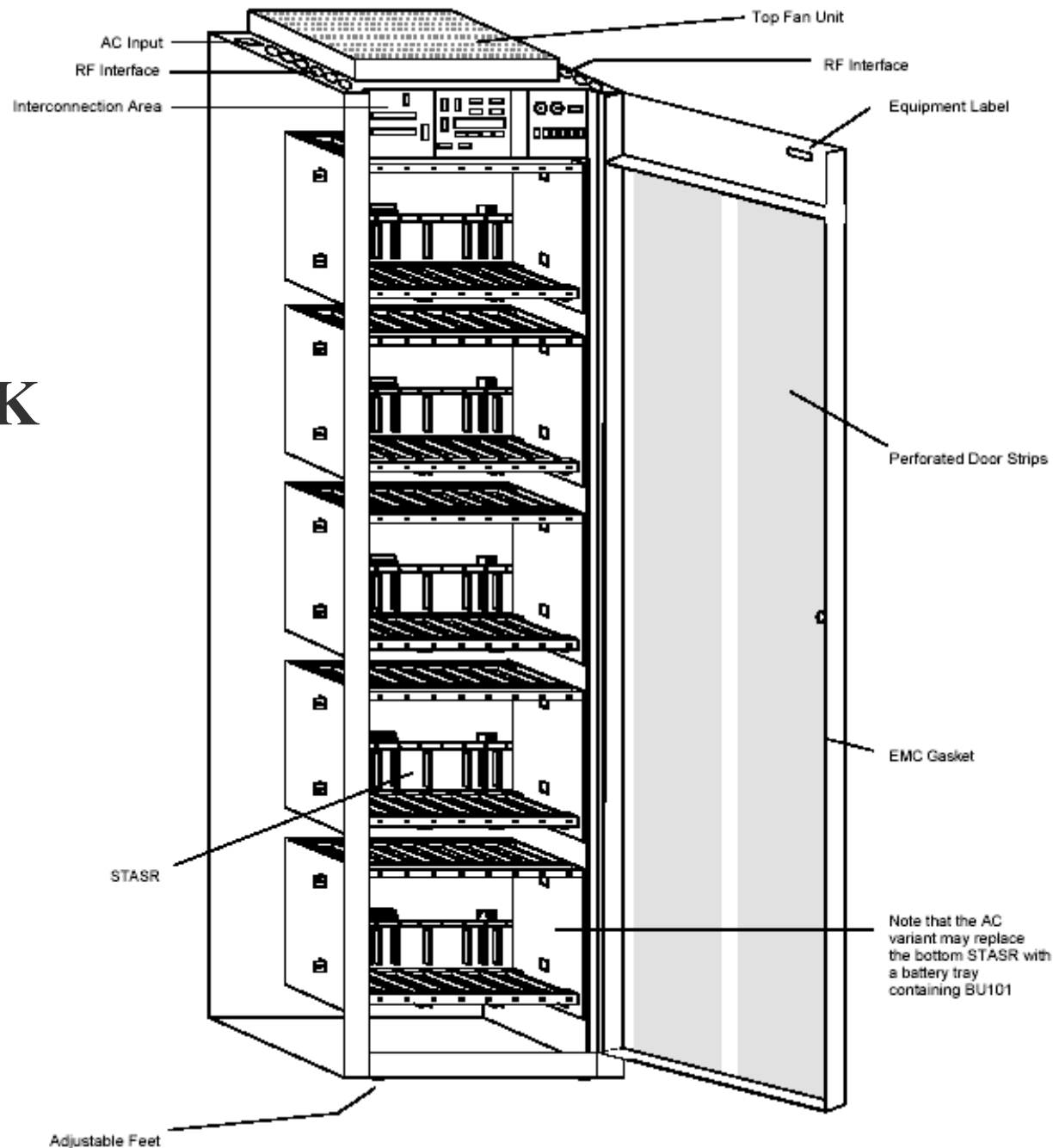
# EVOLIUM A9100

## INDOOR – BTS

### ( MBI5 )

## RACK & SUBRACK

- Rack Frame (1),
- Connection Shelf (1),
- STASR Shelf (5).



**MBI5:** Multistandard Base Station Indoor(5 shelves)

**STASR:** Standard Telecommunication Subrack

# STASR Subrack Dimensions

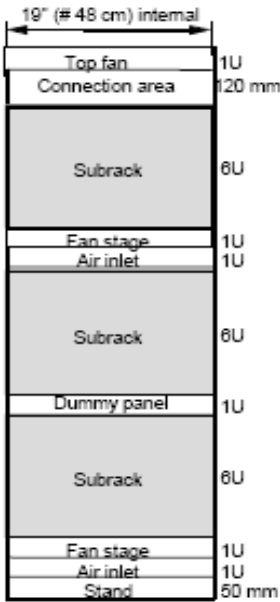
| Height (TEP/mm)                         | Width (TEP/mm) | Depth (mm) |
|---|----------------|------------|
| 7 HU/311.5                              | 84 WU/431.8    | 304.4      |
| (= 6 HU for modules +<br>1 HU for fans) |                |            |

## 4. CABINET DESCRIPTION

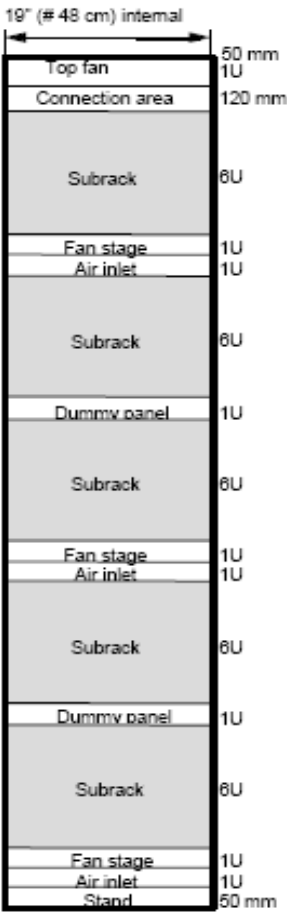
### 4.1 Indoor cabinets description

Two types of indoor cabinets (also called racks) are available: the MBI3 cabinet, with three sub racks, and the MBI5 cabinet, with five sub-racks.

| External dimensions | MBI3 BTS | MBI5 BTS |
|---------------------|----------|----------|
| Depth               | 45 cm    | 45 cm    |
| Height              | 130 cm   | 194 cm   |
| Width               | 60 cm    | 60 cm    |
| Max. TRX capacity   | 8 TRX    | 12 TRX   |



**MBI3 BTS**  
(3 subracks)



**MBI5 BTS**  
(5 subracks)

Figure 6: EVOLIUM™ indoor A9100 Base Stations

**Units of Measurement**

Standard TEP units of measurement are used for BTS A9100 equipment. Metric and imperial equivalents for the TEP units are as follows:

- ▶ 1 HU = 44.45 mm (1.75 inches)
- ▶ 1 WU = 5.08 mm (0.20 inches).

| Cabinet     | Height<br>Overall/Usable | Width<br>Overall/Usable | Depth  | Weight                                  |
|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------|---|
| MBI3        | 1300 mm/23 HU            | 600 mm/84 WU            | 450 mm | 170 kg fully<br>equipped (AC<br>and DC) |
| MBI5        | 1940 mm/38 HU            | 600 mm/84 WU            | 450 mm | 270 kg fully<br>equipped (AC<br>and DC) |
| MBO1/MBO1DC | 1500 mm/24 HU            | 825 mm/84 WU            | 750 mm | 95 kg not<br>equipped w/o<br>battery    |
| MBO2/MBO2DC | 1500 mm/24 HU            | 1500 mm/2 x 84 WU       | 750 mm | 175 kg not<br>equipped w/o<br>battery   |

# MBI3/MBI5 Module Positions

|   |
|---|
| Top FANUs                               |
| Connector Area                          |
| STASR 3                                 |
| DC: TREs, ANC                           |
| AC: ADAM, 2 or 3PM12s,<br>BATS (Option) |
| FANUs                                   |
| Air Inlet                               |
| STASR 2                                 |
| DC: SUM, ANYs, ANCs                     |
| AC: SUM, ANCs                           |
| Dummy Panel                             |
| STASR 1                                 |
| DC: Up to 4 TREs                        |
| AC: SUM, TREs                           |
| FANUs                                   |
| Air Inlet                               |

MBI3 – AC or DC Variant

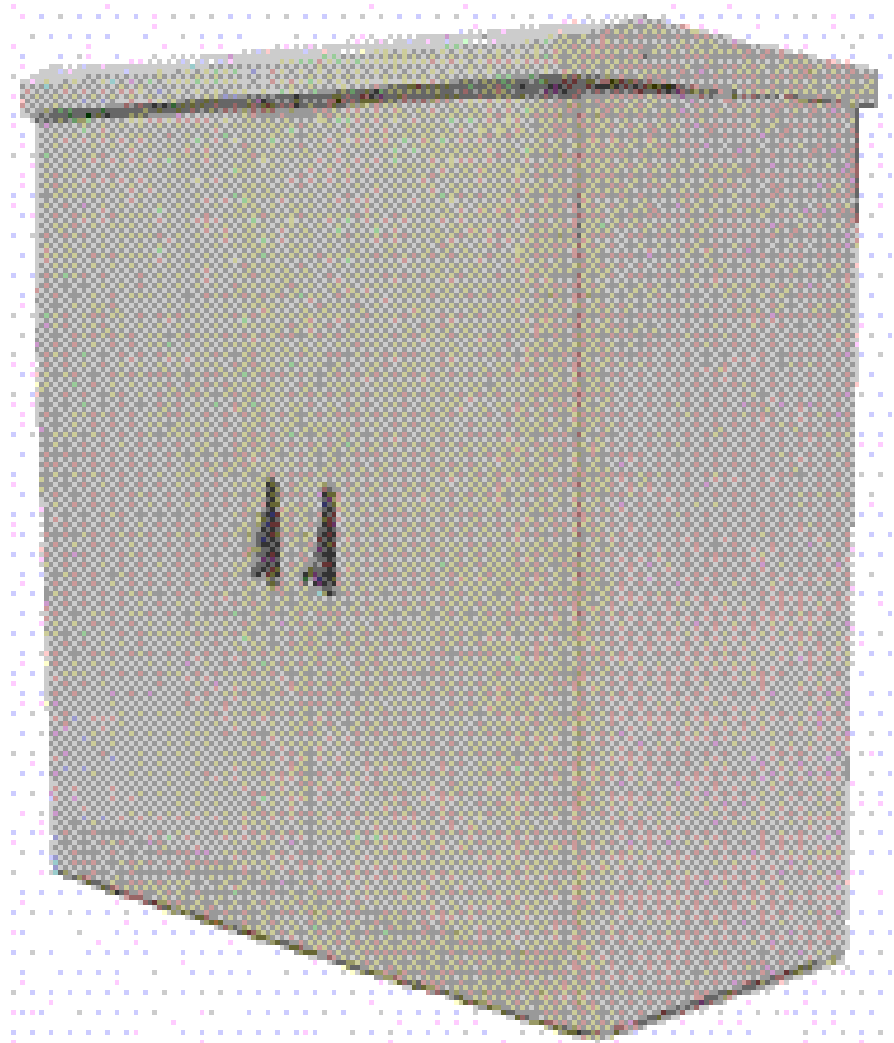
|                       |
|-----------------------|
| Top FANUs             |
| Connector Area        |
| STASR 5               |
| Up to 4 TREs          |
| FANUs                 |
| Air Inlet             |
| STASR 4               |
| SUM, ANYs<br>and ANCs |
| Dummy Panel           |
| STASR 3               |
| Up to 4 TREs          |
| FANUs                 |
| Air Inlet             |
| STASR 2               |
| SUM, ANYs<br>and ANCs |
| Dummy Panel           |
| STASR 1               |
| Up to 4 TREs          |
| FANUs                 |
| Air Inlet             |

MBI5 – DC Variant

Figure 195: MBI3/MBI5 Module Positions

**EVOLIUM A9100**  
**OUTDOOR – BTS**  
**(MBO2)**

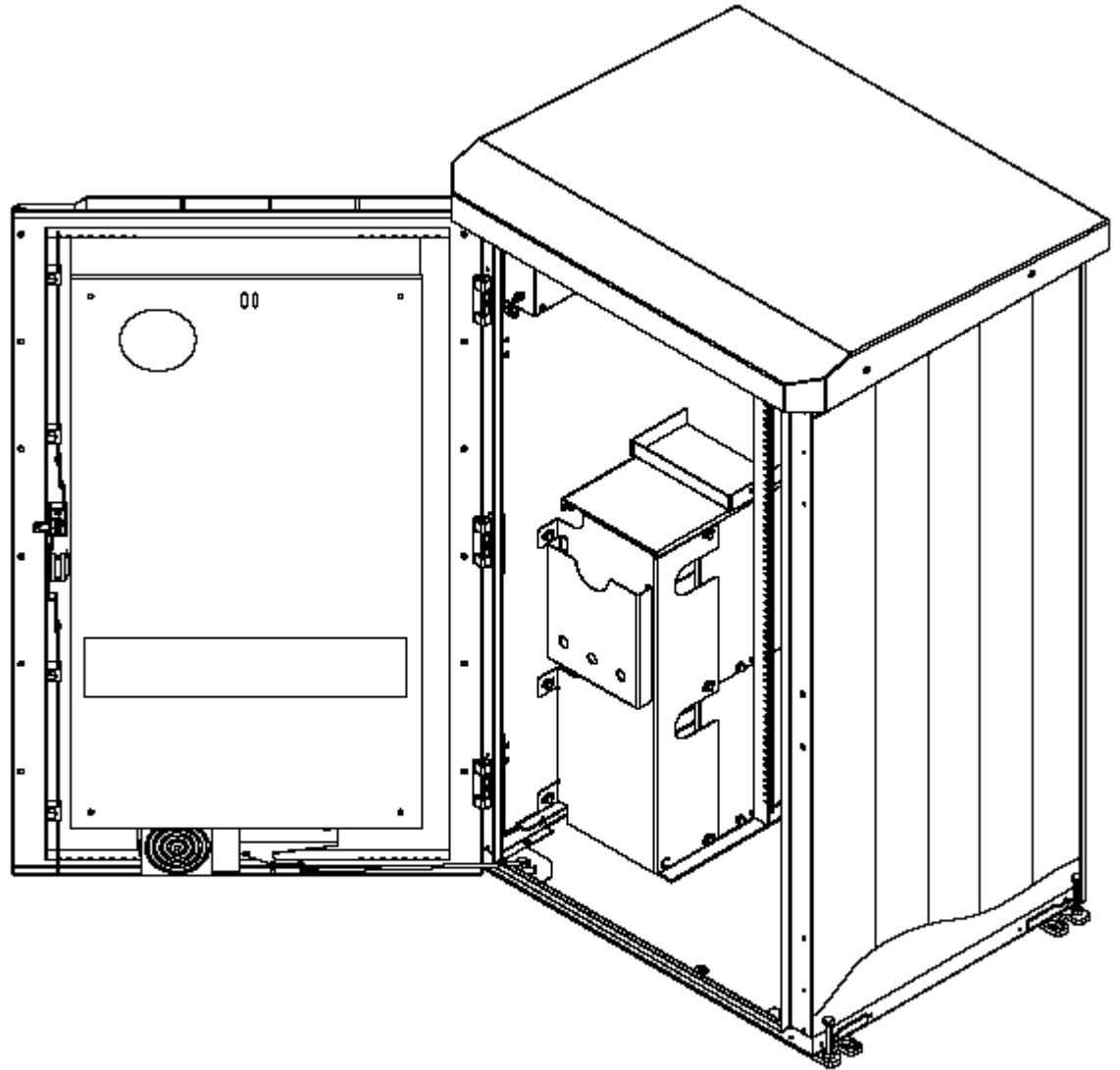
**- MBO1 is half of this  
rack.**



# OUTDOOR – BTS

## MBO1

- **Battery Unit (BU90),**
- **Air Con. Unit,**
- **STASR (3),**
- **OPTIONAL,**
- **PM12 (1200W) (2).**



*Figure 220: Multistandard BTS Outdoor Cabinet Construction MBO1/MBO1DC*



# OUTDOOR – BTS

## MBO2

### (MBO1+MBOE)

- Rack Frame (MBO1+MBOE),
- Battery Unit (BU90),
- Heat Exch. Unit,
- STASR (6),
- OPTIONAL,
- PM12 (1200W) (3).

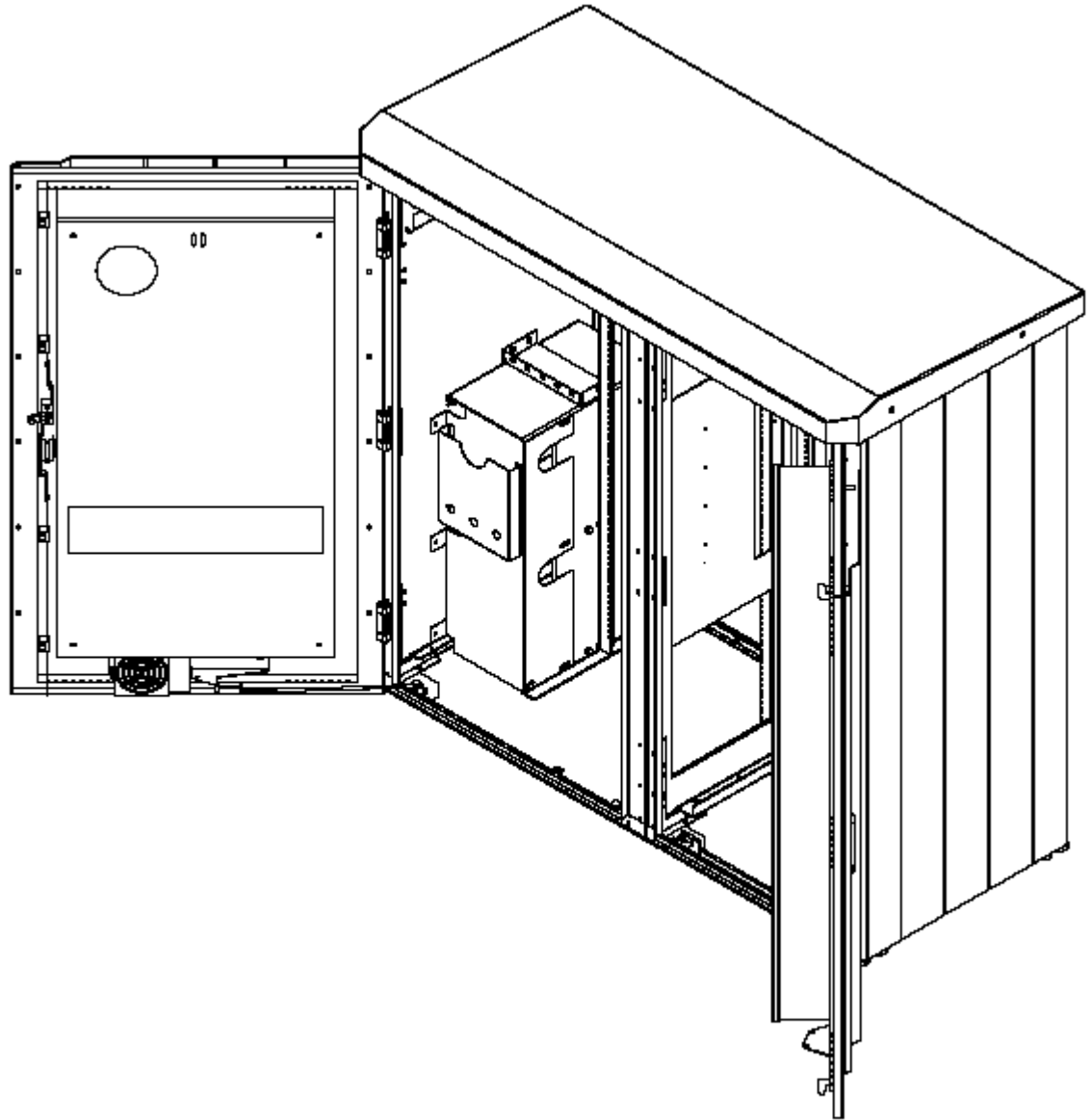


Figure 221: Multistandard BTS Outdoor Cabinet Construction MBO2/MBO2DC

# Multi Standard BTS OUTDOOR

| External dimensions | MBO1 BTS | MBO2 BTS |
|---------------------|----------|----------|
| Depth               | 74 cm    | 74 cm    |
| Height              | 149 cm   | 149 cm   |
| Width               | 90 cm    | 152 cm   |
| Max TRX capacity    | 8 TRX    | 12 TRX   |

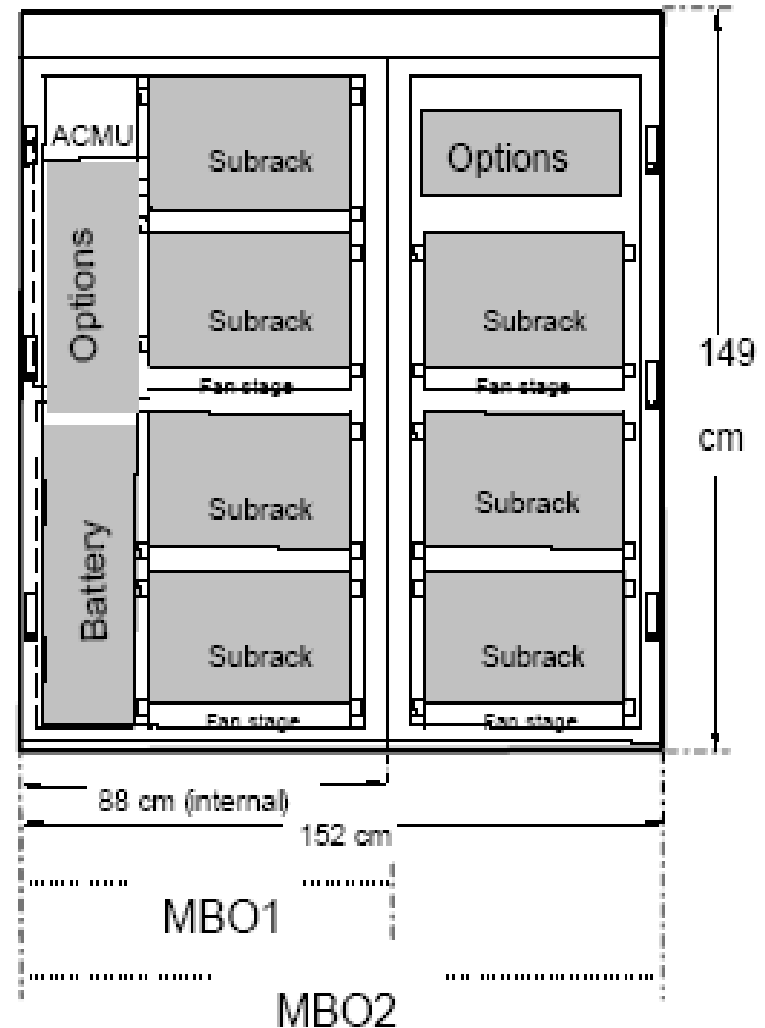
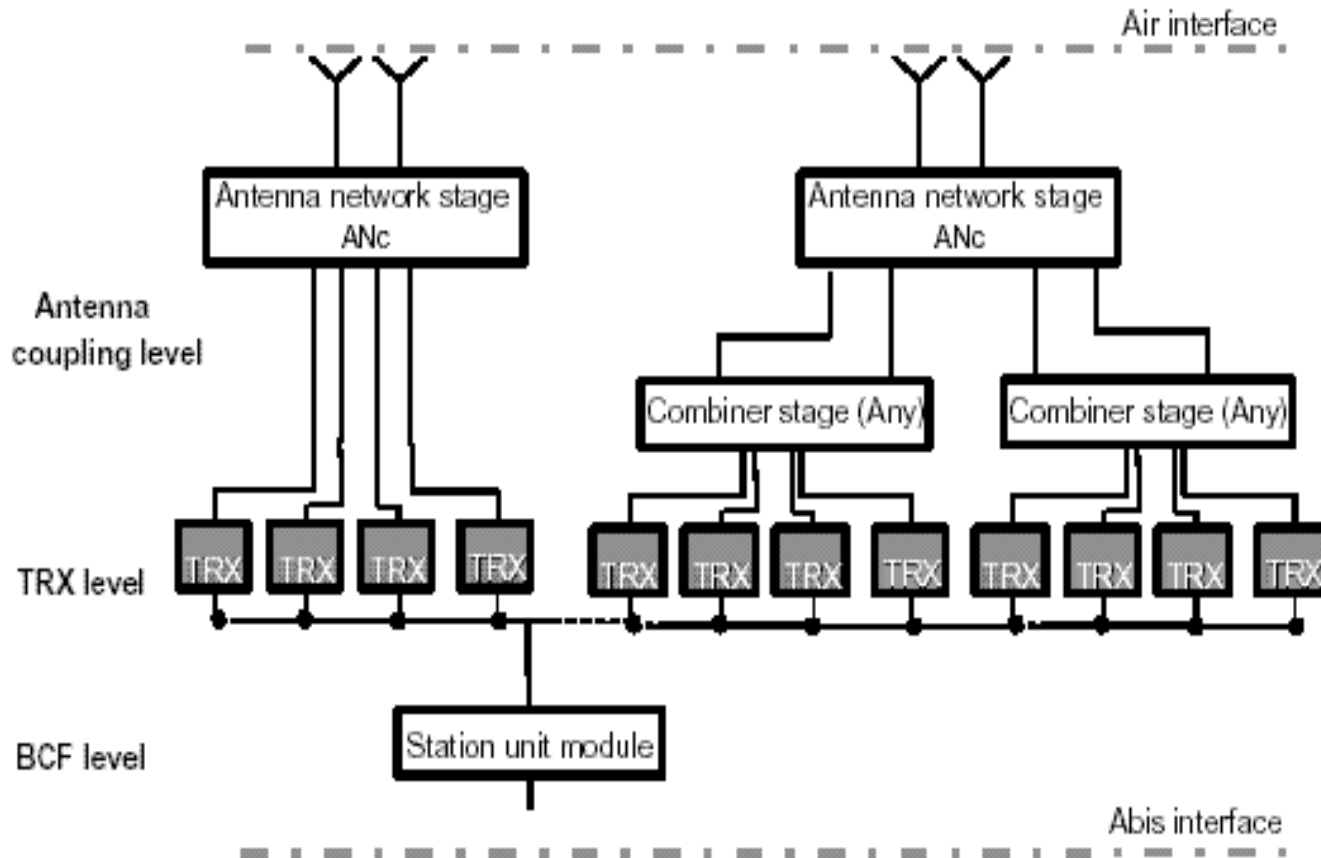


Figure 7: EVOLIUM™ outdoor A9100 Base Station

# BTS A9100 MBI5 MODULES/ CABLES

| S.No | MNEMO  | MODULE PROD.CODE | ICS | ED_MOD |
|------|--------|------------------|-----|--------|
|      |        |                  |     |        |
| 1    | MBI5   | 3BK25965AAAB     | 01  |        |
| 2    | KMBI5  | 3BK25980AAAB     |     | 03     |
| 3    | MSCA   | 3BK26014AAAB     | 01  | 02     |
| 4    | XIBM   | 3BK26012AAAB     | 02  | 03     |
| 5    | BTSRI5 | 3BK25974AAAA     | 02  | 03     |
| 6    | DCBR5  | 3BK25978ABAA     | 01  | 03     |
| 7    | MBU5   | 3BK25976AAAA     |     |        |
| 8    | STASR  | 3BK07193CAAB     | 01  | 01     |
| 9    | TFBP   | 3BK07659AAAA     | 01  |        |
| 10   | FACB   | 3BK07202ABAA     | 01  | 01     |
| 11   | FANU   | 3BK07205AAAA     | 01  |        |
| 12   | CS04   | 3BK07600AAAA     | 01  | 02A    |
| 13   | CS05   | 3BK07199CAAB     | 02  | 01     |
| 14   | SP2M   | 3BK08949AAAA     | /   |        |
| 15   | FC1U   | 3BK07601AAAA     | 01  |        |
| 16   | CS03   | 3BK07599CAAA     | 01  | 01     |
| 17   | L50N   | 1AB125380002     |     |        |
| 18   | SUMA   | 3BK08925AAAC     | 04  | 02     |
| 19   | TRAG   | 3BK08967ABAC     | 02  | 04     |
| 20   | ANCG   | 3BK08992AA       | 02  |        |

# A9100 Base Station Architecture (BTS)



## Abbreviations

BCF Base station Control Function

TRX Transceiver

# **View of Connection Area**

**showing the boards**

**XIBM, MSCA and the Breakers**



**XIBM**

**MSCA**

**DCBR5**

**XIBM:** External Alarm Input Board Multistandard

**MSCA:** Multistandard Connection Area

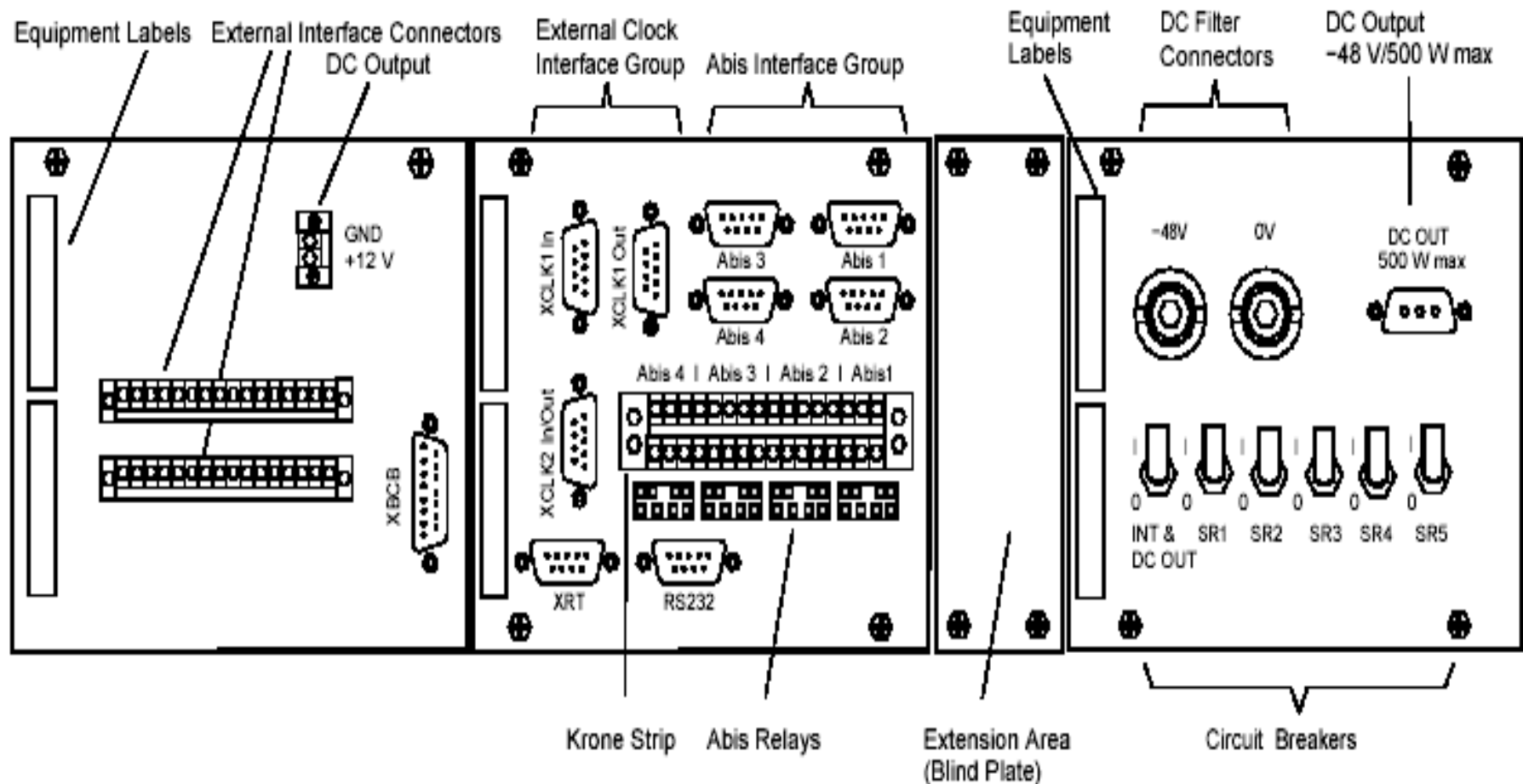
**DCBR5:** Power Supply & Circuit Breaker Area

# MBI Interconnection Panel

## External Alarm Input Board Multistandard XIBM

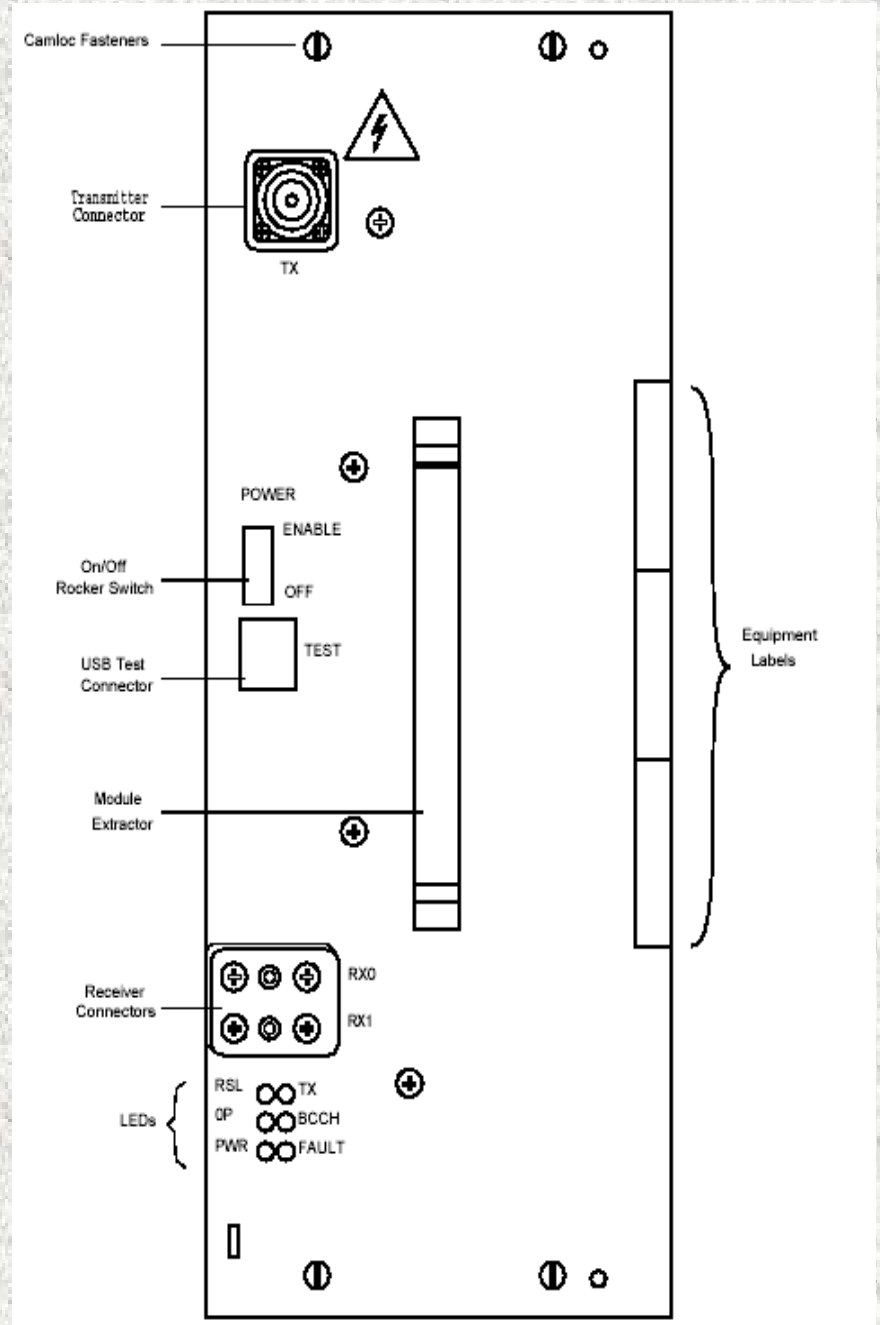
## Multistandard Connection Area MSCA

## Power Supply and Circuit Breaker Area DCBR5



# TRE Front Panel

(Trans Receive Equipment)

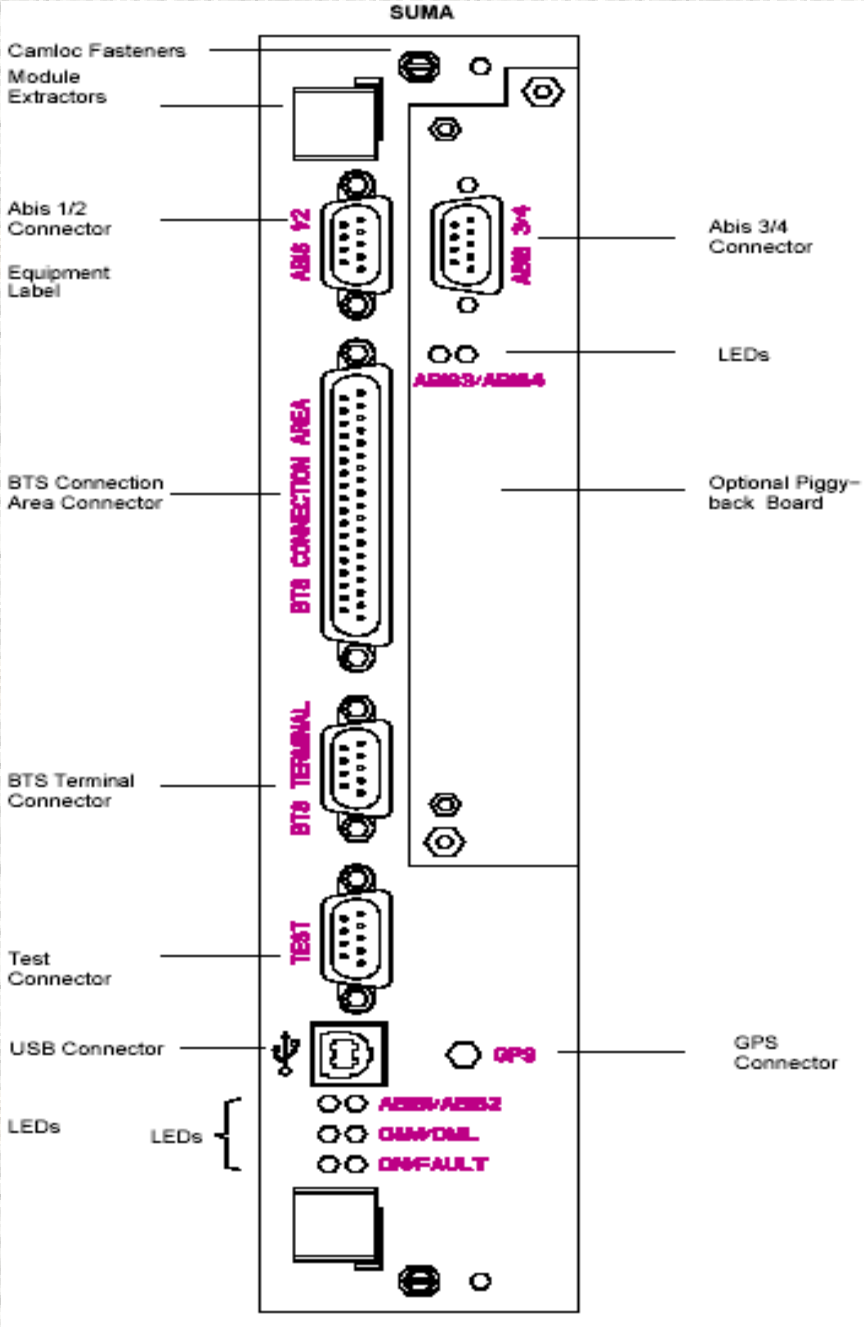


## **Transceiver (TRX) level**

The transceiver (TRX) level covers GSM 850, GSM 900, GSM 1800 and GSM 1900 functionalities, including *full rate, half rate, enhanced full rate, antenna diversity, radio frequency hopping (synthesized hopping) and different iphering algorithms*. For each band, these functions are integrated into one single module. Inside each TRX module, an RF loop is implemented. The loop test is performed after downloading the frequencies to the BTS as a supplement to the autotest. The TRX module also handles the Radio Signaling Link (RSL) protocol.



**(Station Unit Module Advanced)**



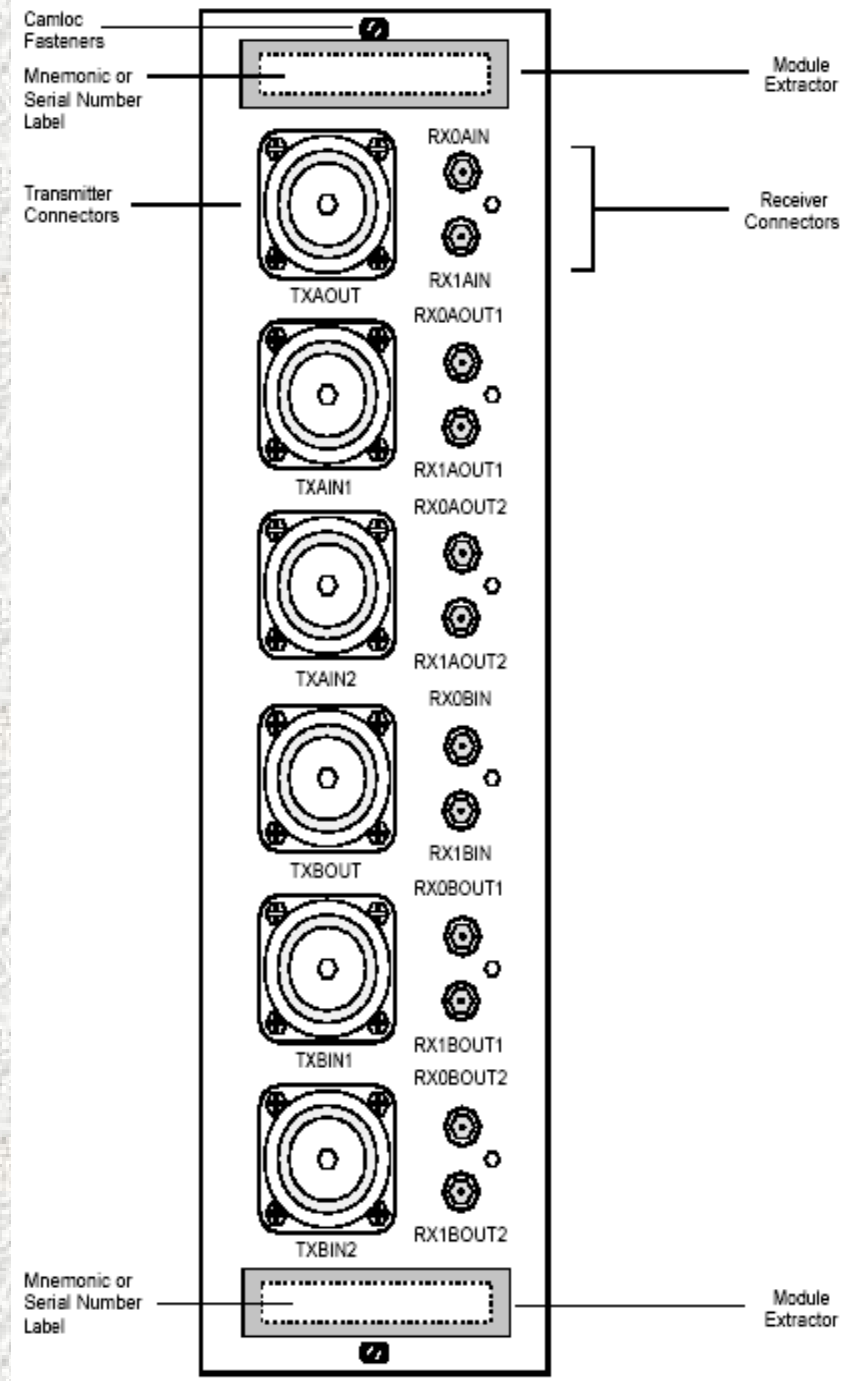
## **2.1.3 Base station Control Function (BCF) level**

This level is ensured by the Station Unit Module (SUM), which is the central unit of the BTS. There is only one such module per BTS, whatever the number of sectors and TRXs is; this common control function of the SUM is also called Station Unit Sharing. The main base station control functions performed are as follows:

- Generating the clocks for all other BTS modules; the clocks can be either synchronized to an external clock reference - e.g. A-bis link, GPS or another BTS - or generated in a pure free-run mode by an internal frequency generator.
- Ensuring central BTS Operation & Maintenance (O&M) application,
- Handling the A-bis transmission links (up to two A-bis interfaces),
- Handling Operation and Maintenance Link (OML) and Qmux (transmission equipment supervision) protocols,
- Controlling the AC/DC function when integrated inside the BTS (Outdoor or Indoor AC configurations),
- Controlling the battery (capacity, voltage, temperature),
- Setting the optimal voltage and current for battery charging.

# ANY Front Panel

(Twin Wide Band Combiner)



## **The Twin Wide Band Combiner (ANy) module**

The Twin Wide Band Combiner stage (ANy) combines up to four transmitters into two outputs, and distributes the two received signals up to four receivers. This module includes twice the same structure, each structure containing:

- One wide band combiner (WBC), concentrating two transmitter outputs into one
- Two splitters, each one distributing the received signal to two separate outputs providing diversity and non-diversity path. The hybrid Wide-band combining technique is used, since it avoids tuning problems and is more reliable compared to remotely tunable cavities. Moreover it is compatible with the Synthesized Frequency Hopping (SFH) feature.

For standard configurations (for details please refer to dedicated chapter), for which each sector is connected to two antennas (or one cross-polarized antenna), the *Twin Wide Band Combiner* module

(ANy) is only necessary for sectors with five or more TRXs.

# TWIN WIDE BAND COMBINER (ANY)

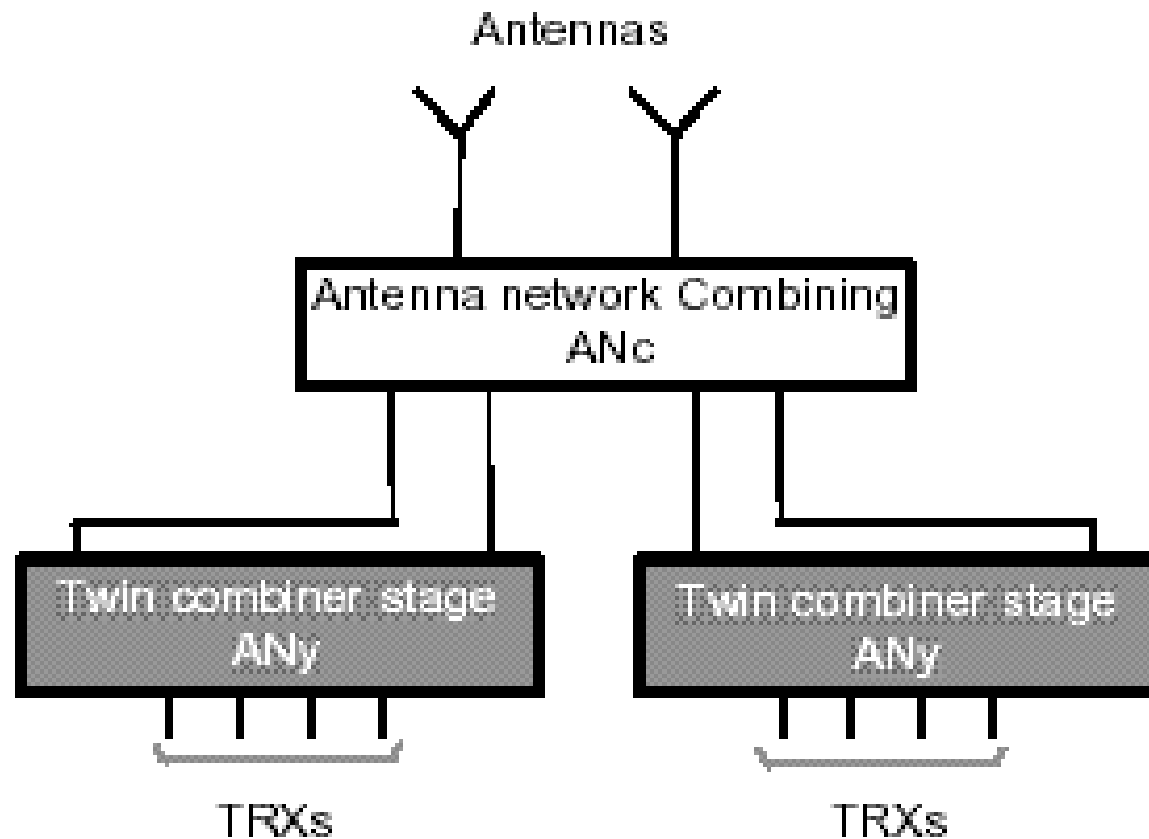


Figure 5: Configuration with 1x8 TRXs

# TWIN WIDE BAND COMBINER (ANY)

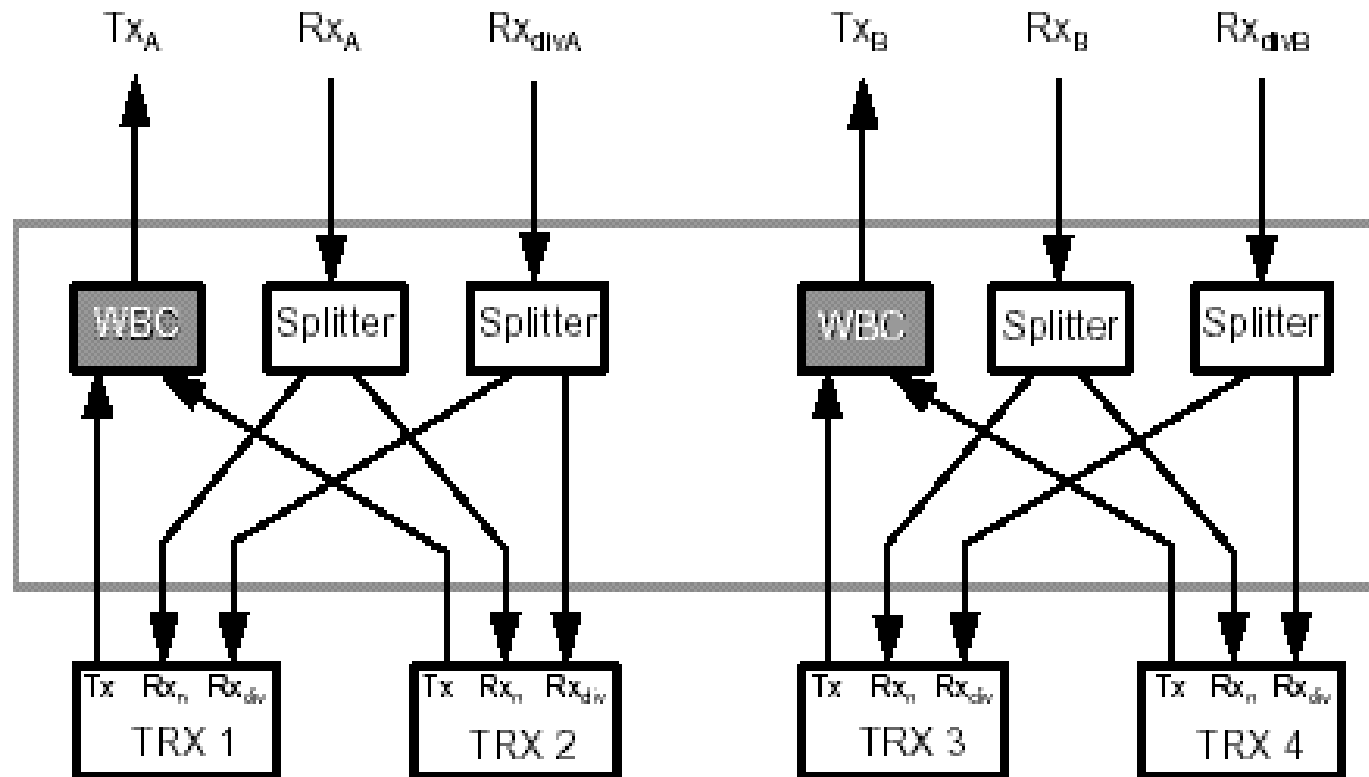
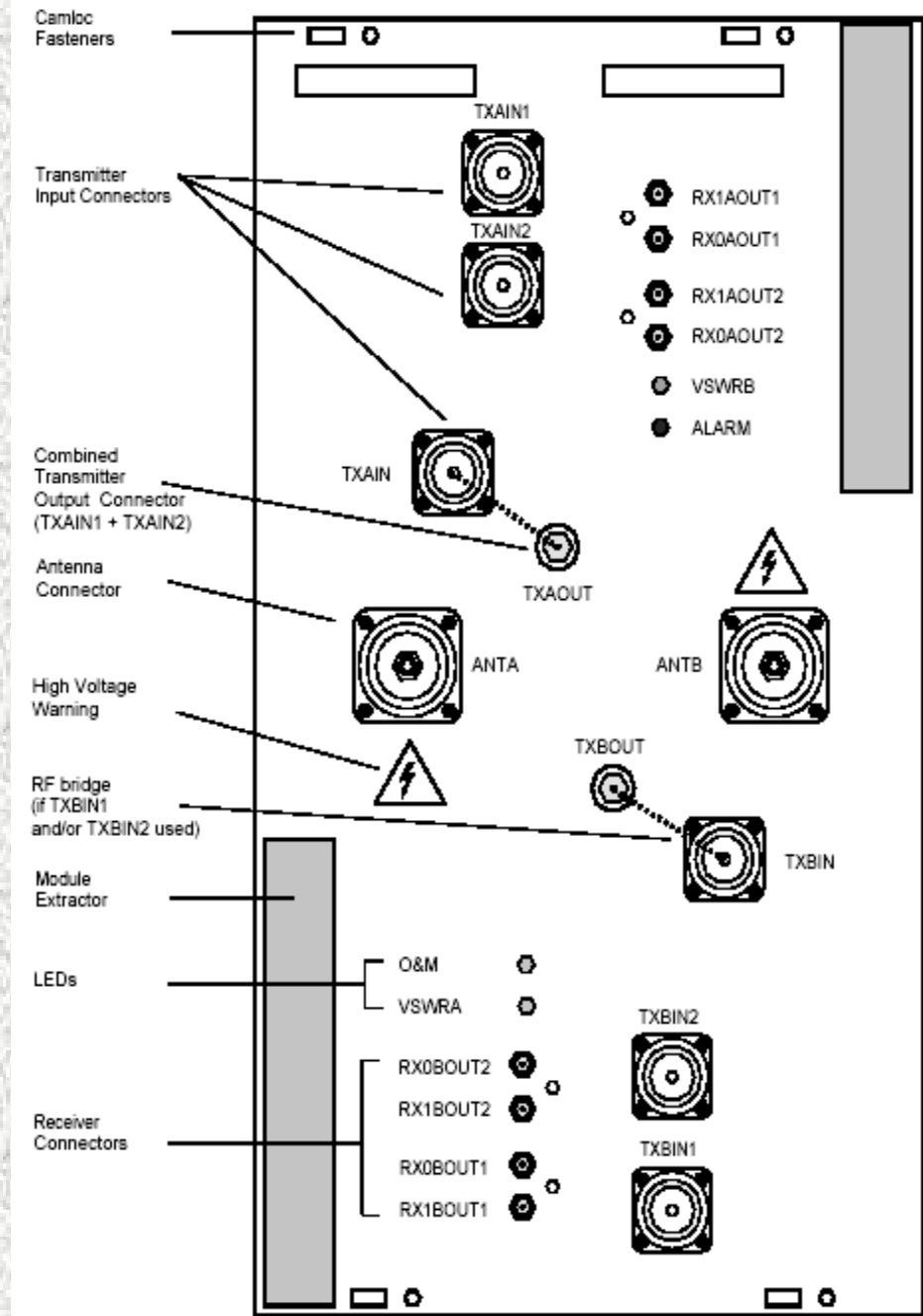


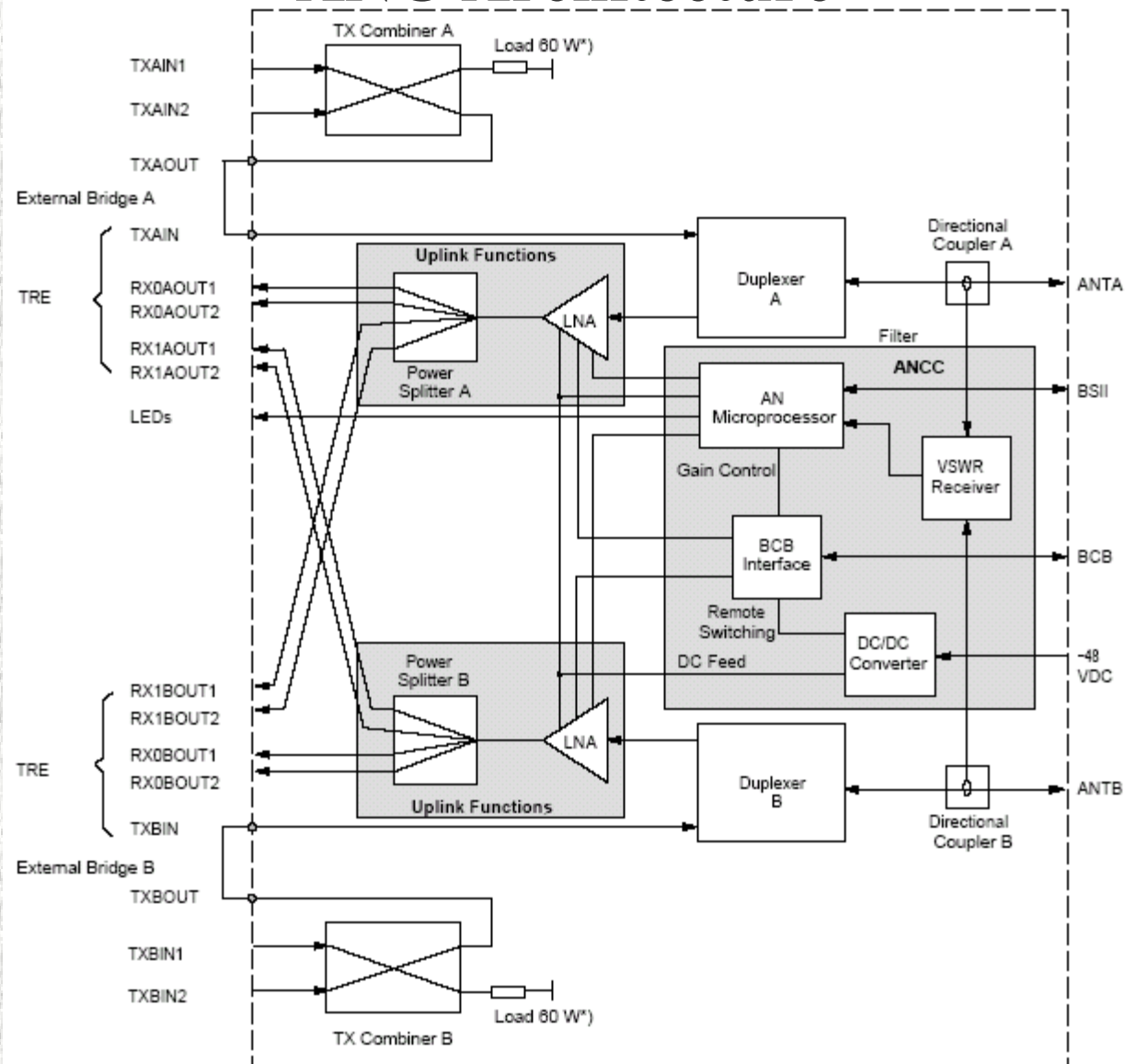
Figure 4: The twin Wide Band Combiner module (ANY)

# ANC Front Panel

## (Antenna Network Combiner)



# ANC Architecture



\*) 150 W for ANCD/ANCP

Figure 298: ANC Architecture



# Antenna Coupling Level.

The antenna coupling level is the stage between the antennas and the TRX level; it handles the combining functions as well as the interface with the antennas. A single module called Antenna Network Combiner (ANc) performs these functions for up to 4 TRXs. For configurations of higher capacity, a Combiner stage can be added. Thanks to the ANc flexibility and this modular building, the antenna coupling level can be adapted to a wide range of requirements (reduction of attenuation losses, minimization of the number of antennas...).

The general functions performed at this level are:

- Duplexing transmit and receive paths onto common antennas;
- Feeding the received signals from the antenna to the receiver front end, where the signals are amplified and distributed to the different receivers (Low Noise Amplifier (LNA) and power splitter functions);
- Providing filtering for the transmit and the receive paths;
- Combining, if necessary, output signals of different transmitters and connecting them to the antenna(s);
- Supervising antennas VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio).

## **The Antenna Network Combiner (ANc) module**

The Antenna Network combiner module (ANc) connects up to four transmit signals to two antennas, and distributes the received signals from each antenna to up to four receivers (for the normal and the diversity reception). This module includes twice the same structure, each structure containing:

- One duplexer allowing a single antenna to be used for the transmission and reception of both downlink and uplink channels- hence minimizing the number of antenna
- A frequency selective VSWR meter to monitor antenna feeder and antenna
- One LNA amplifying the receive RF signal, and giving good VSWR values, noise compression and good reliability
- Two splitter levels distributing the received signal to two or four separate outputs so that each output receive the signal from its dedicated antenna and from the second one (diversity)
- One Wide Band Combiner (WBC), concentrating two transmitter outputs into one, only for configurations with more than two TRX.

Each sector is equipped with at least one such stage, which features very high sensitivity reception, low attenuation, and minimum inter-modulation products.

The ANc can be manually configured (on site) in two modes depending on the number of TRX in the sector:

- The No-combining mode for configuration up to 2 TRX, for which the Wide Band Combiner is not needed therefore bypassed.
- The Combining mode for configuration from 3 up to 4 TRX, for which the Wide Band combiner is not bypassed.

Each sector is equipped with at least one such stage, which features very high sensitivity reception, low attenuation, and minimum inter-modulation products.

The ANc can be manually configured (on site) in two modes depending on the number of TRX in the sector

- The No-combining mode for configuration up to 2 TRX, for which the Wide Band Combiner is not needed therefore bypassed.

- The Combining mode for configuration from 3 up to 4 TRX, for which the Wide Band combiner is not bypassed.

# Antenna Network Combiner (ANC)

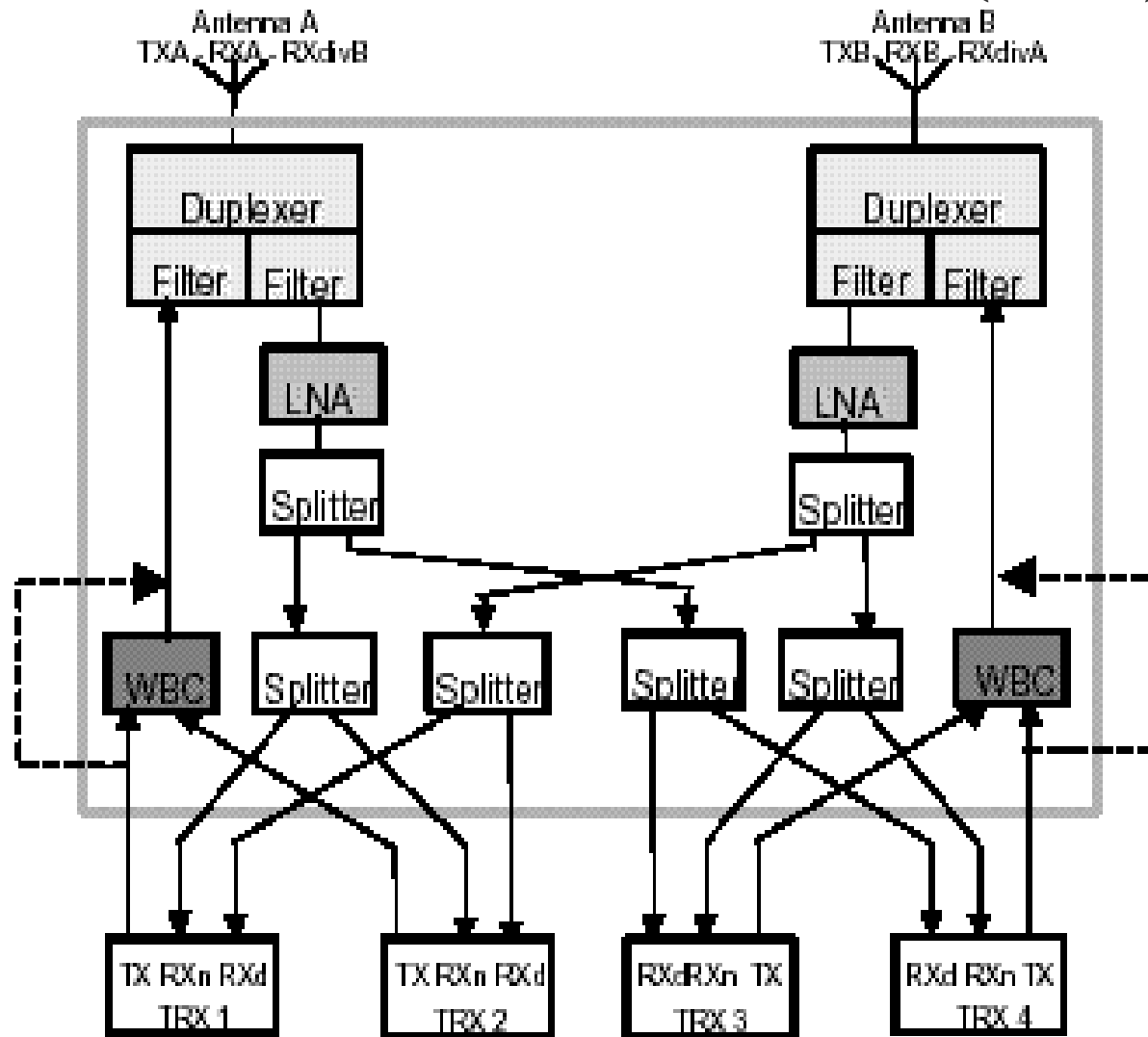


Figure 3: The Antenna network Combiner (ANc)- Combining mode

# Weight of Physical Modules

## 5.10 Weight of modules and configurations

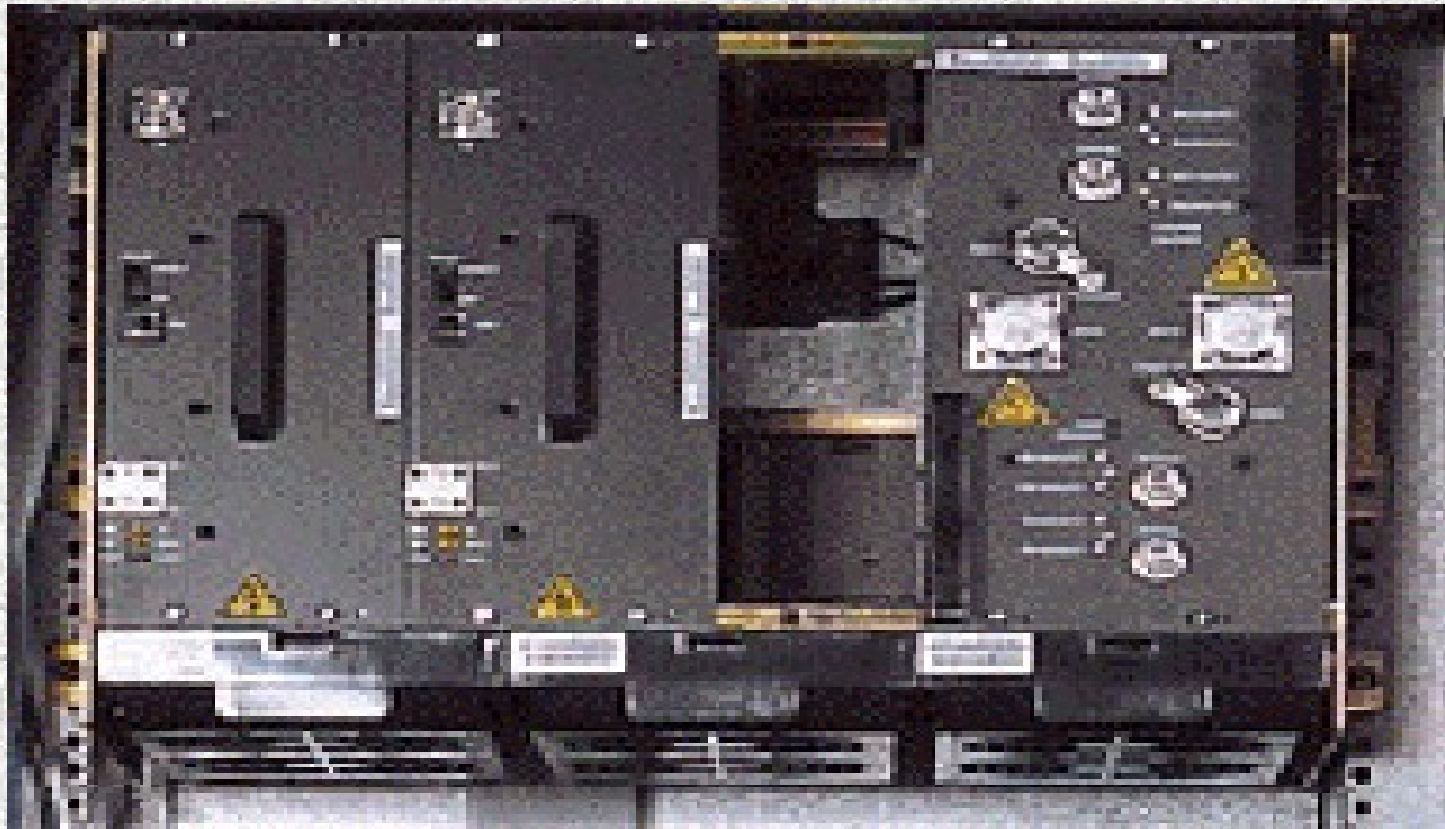
The following table gives the weight of main BTS modules; modules of which the weight is negligible and/or the number is the same whatever the configuration are not listed (their weight is included in that of cabinet or of other modules); also, weight of options such as microwaves are not listed:

| Module          | Weight (Kg) |
|-----------------|-------------|
| TRX             | 7.2         |
| ANc             | 8.5         |
| ANy             | 3.5         |
| CBO cabinet     | 104         |
| MBO1 cabinet    | 188         |
| MBO2 cabinet    | 316         |
| MBI3 DC cabinet | 86          |
| MBI3 AC cabinet | 97          |
| MBI5 DC cabinet | 131         |
| MBI5 AC cabinet | 142         |
| BU5             | 15          |
| BU90            | 140         |

These weights allow to estimate the weight of any configuration; as an example, the weight of MBI and MBO 3x4 are:

|                            | Unit | Qty | Total (Kg)   |
|----------------------------|------|-----|--------------|
| <b>MBO2 3x4 TRX-BU90</b>   |      |     | <b>567.6</b> |
| MBO2 cabinet               | 316  | 1   | 316          |
| TRX                        | 7.2  | 12  | 86.4         |
| ANc                        | 8.5  | 3   | 25.5         |
| BU90                       | 140  | 1   | 140          |
| <hr/>                      |      |     |              |
| <b>MBI5 AC 3x4 TRX-BU5</b> |      |     | <b>393.9</b> |
| MBI5 AC cabinet            | 142  | 1   | 142          |
| TRX                        | 7.2  | 12  | 86.4         |
| ANc                        | 8.5  | 3   | 25.5         |
| BU5                        | 15   | 1   | 140          |

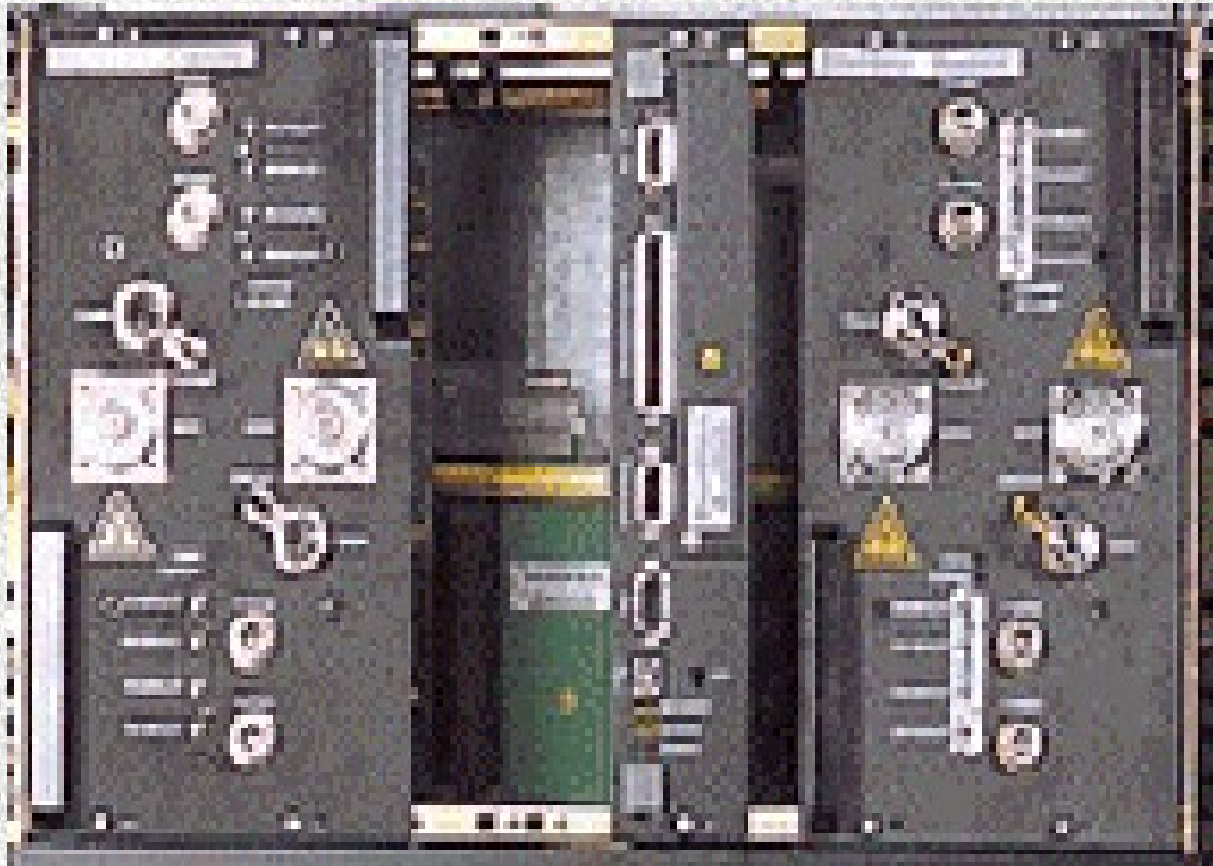
## STASR Shelf showing 2 TRE's & 1 ANC



**TRE:** Trans Receive Equipment

**ANC:** Antenna Network Combiner( upto 4 TRE's )

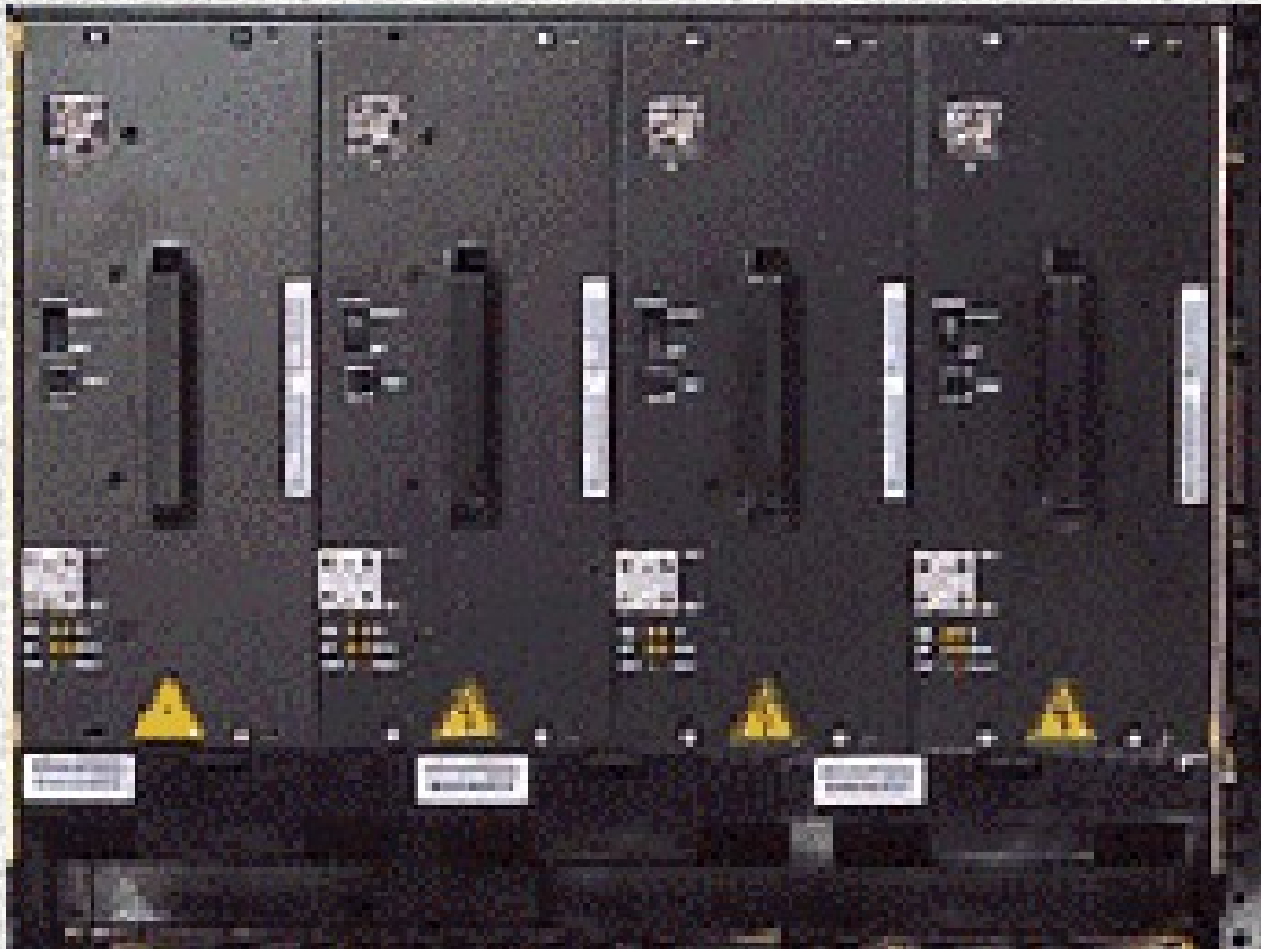
# STASR Shelf showing SUMA and 2 ANC's



**SUMA:** Station Unit Module Advanced (Controller Board)

**ANC:** Antenna Network Combiner (upto 4 TRE's).

# STASR Shelf showing 4 TREs



**TRE:** Trans Receive Equipment



# BTSRI5

## 17.1.9 BTSRI5

The connections for the BTSRI5 (part number 3BK 25974) are shown in the following figure.

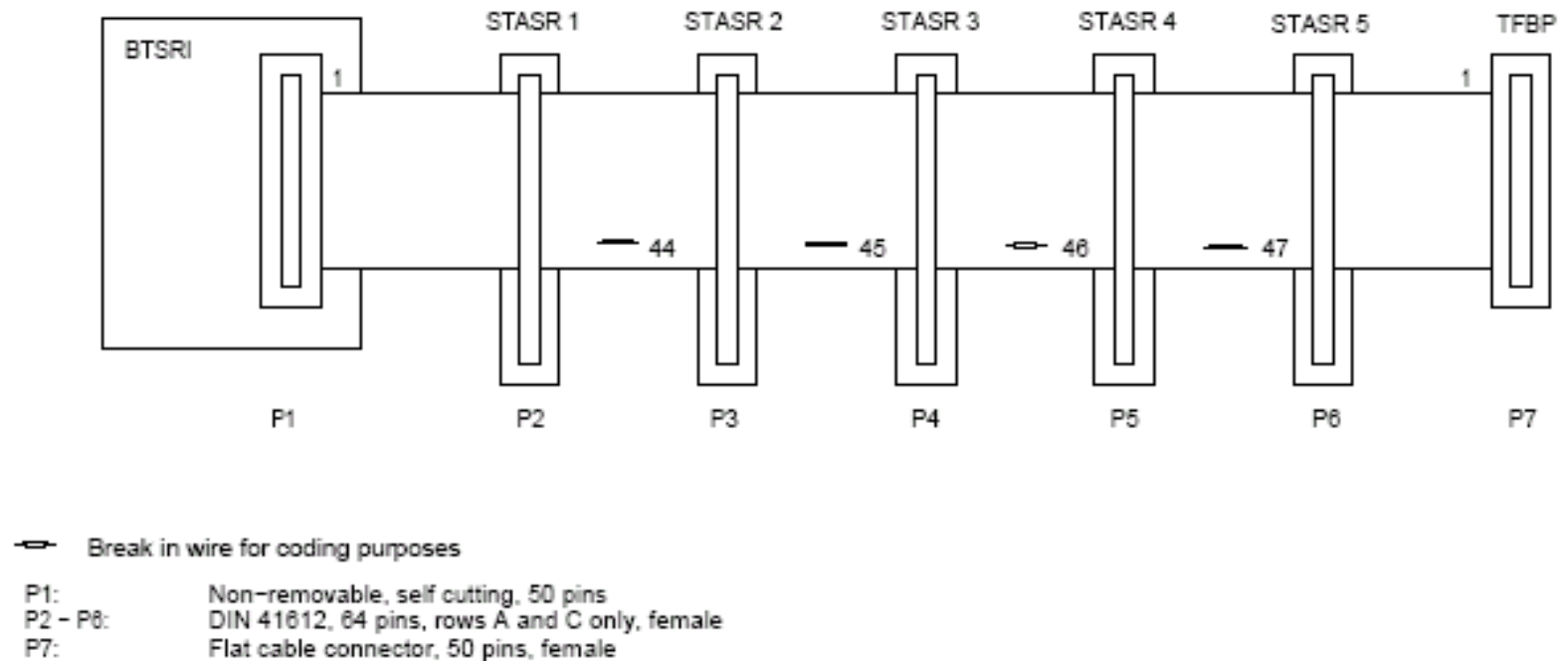


Figure 456: BTSRI5 Connections

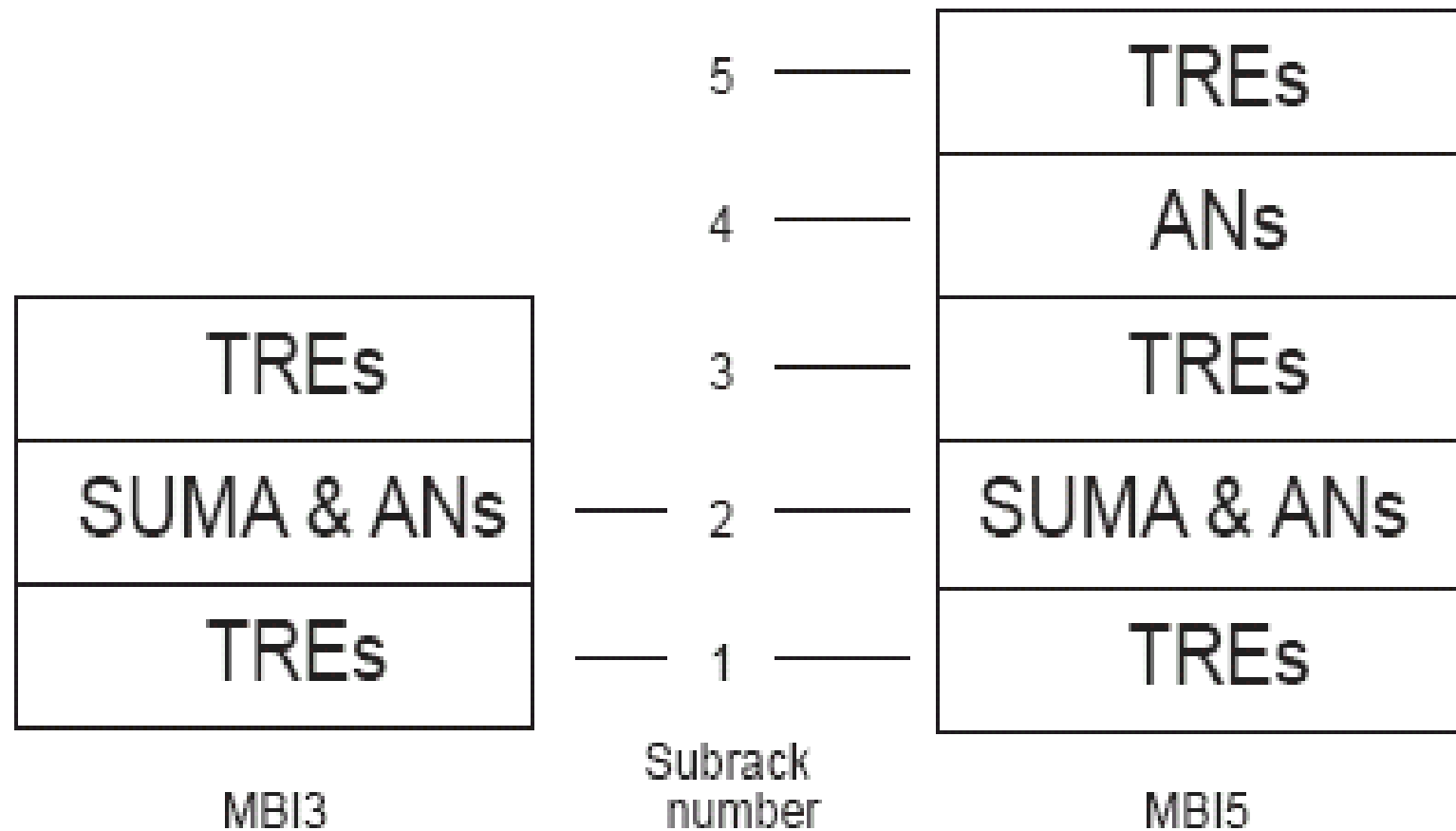


Figure 1. Subracks equipment in MBI racks

# SUB-RACK CONFIGURATION

Different sub-rack organizations are given in figure below. The following widths hold true for the different modules (taken L for one sub-rack):

SUM

Antenna Network Combining

Twin WBC stage

TRX

Legend

L / 8

SUM

L / 3

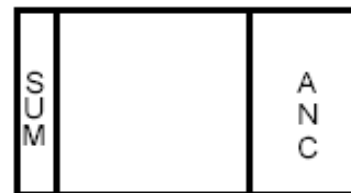
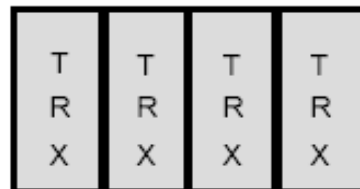
ANC

L / 8

ANY

L / 4

TRX



### 4.3 Sub-rack and modules organization

The following figure gives an example of indoor and outdoor 3\*4 configuration:

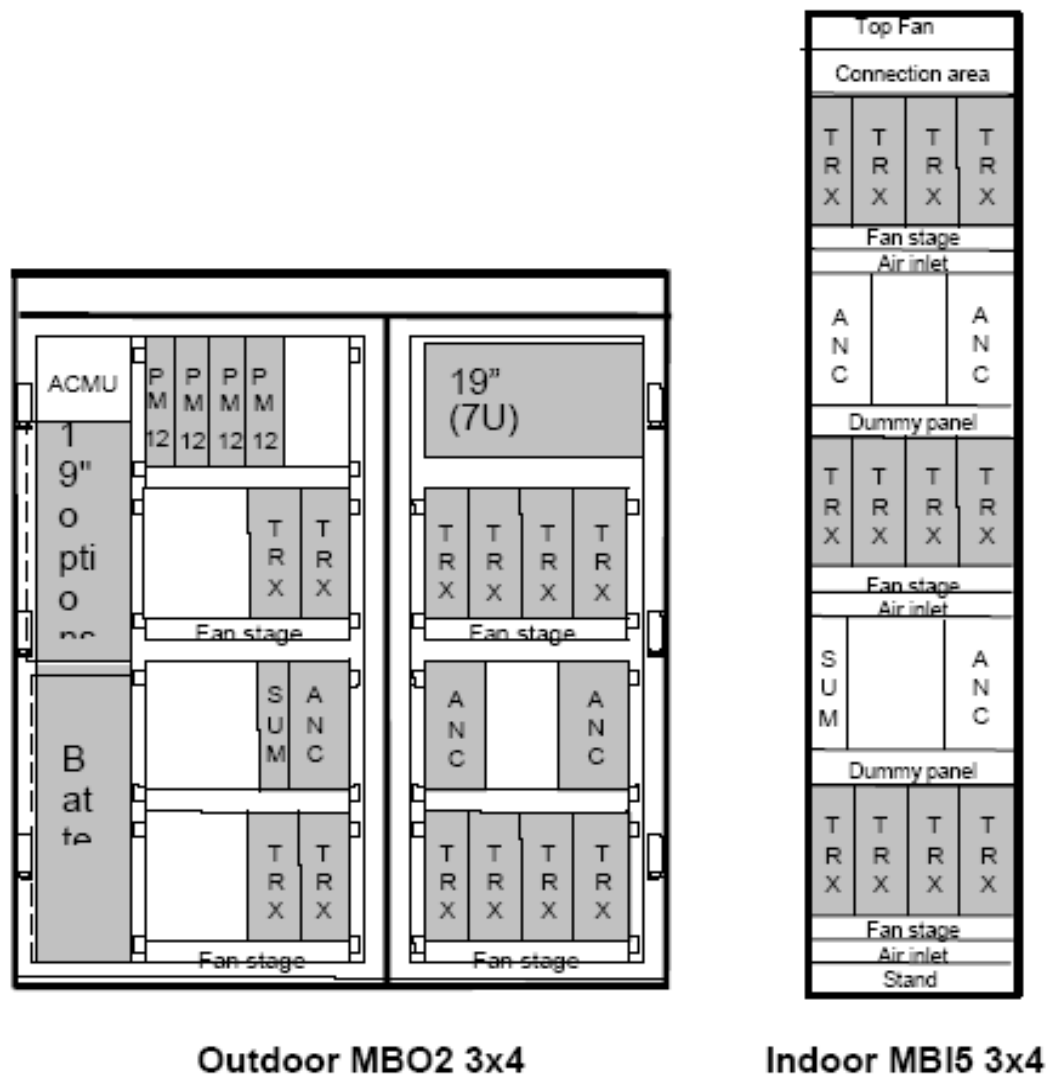
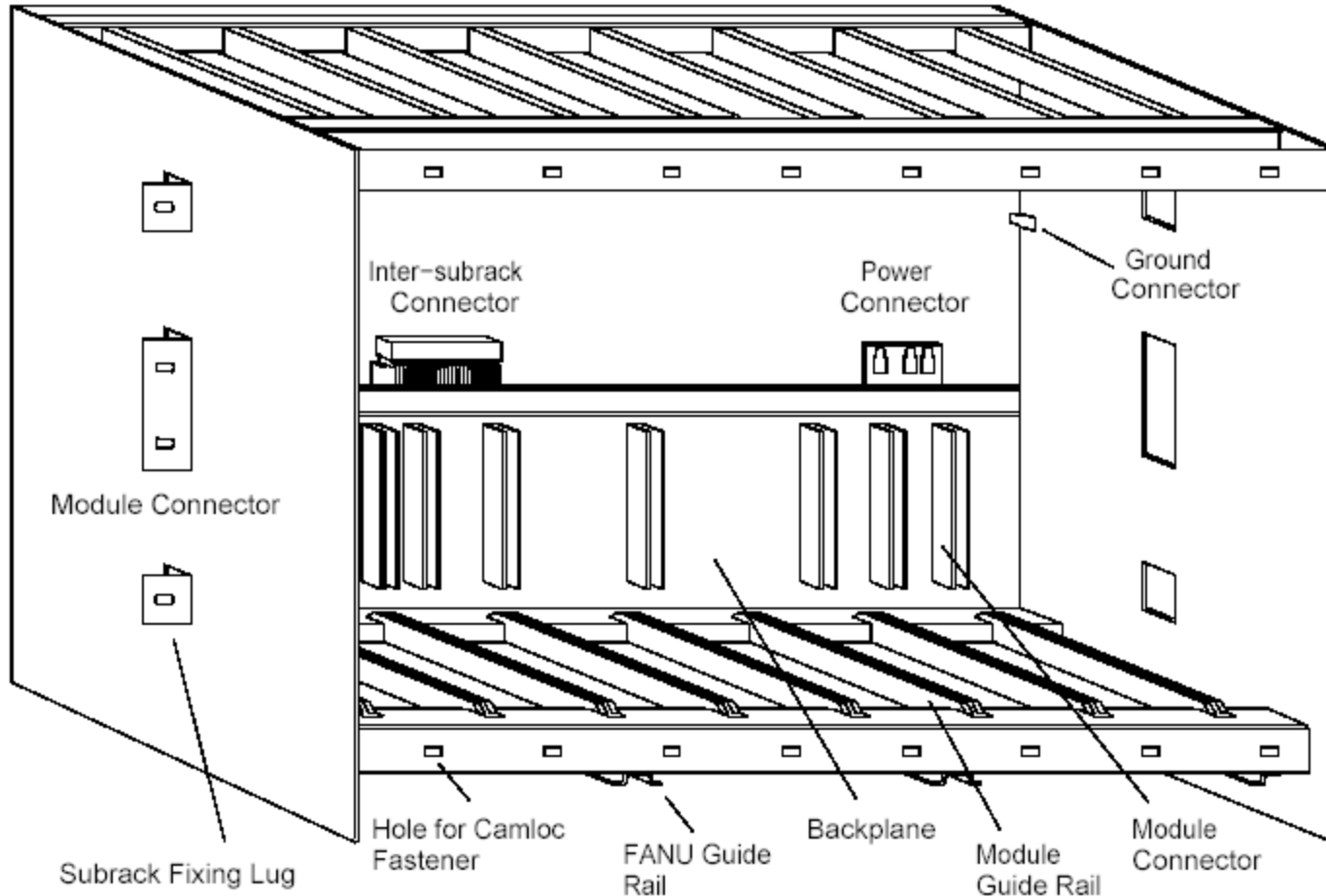


Figure 8: Sub-rack organization - configurations examples

# STASR Shelf

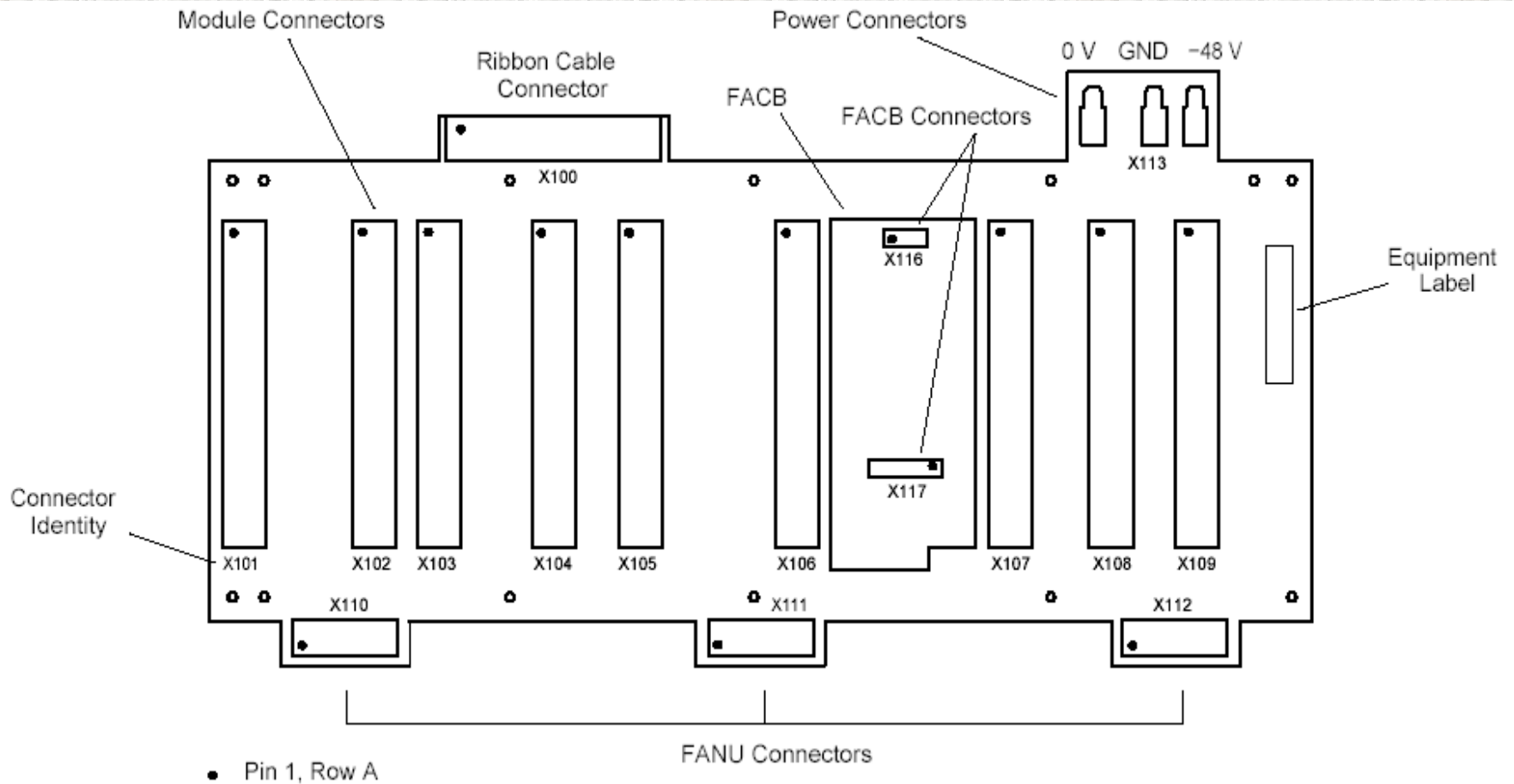
The following figure shows the STASR with no modules fitted.



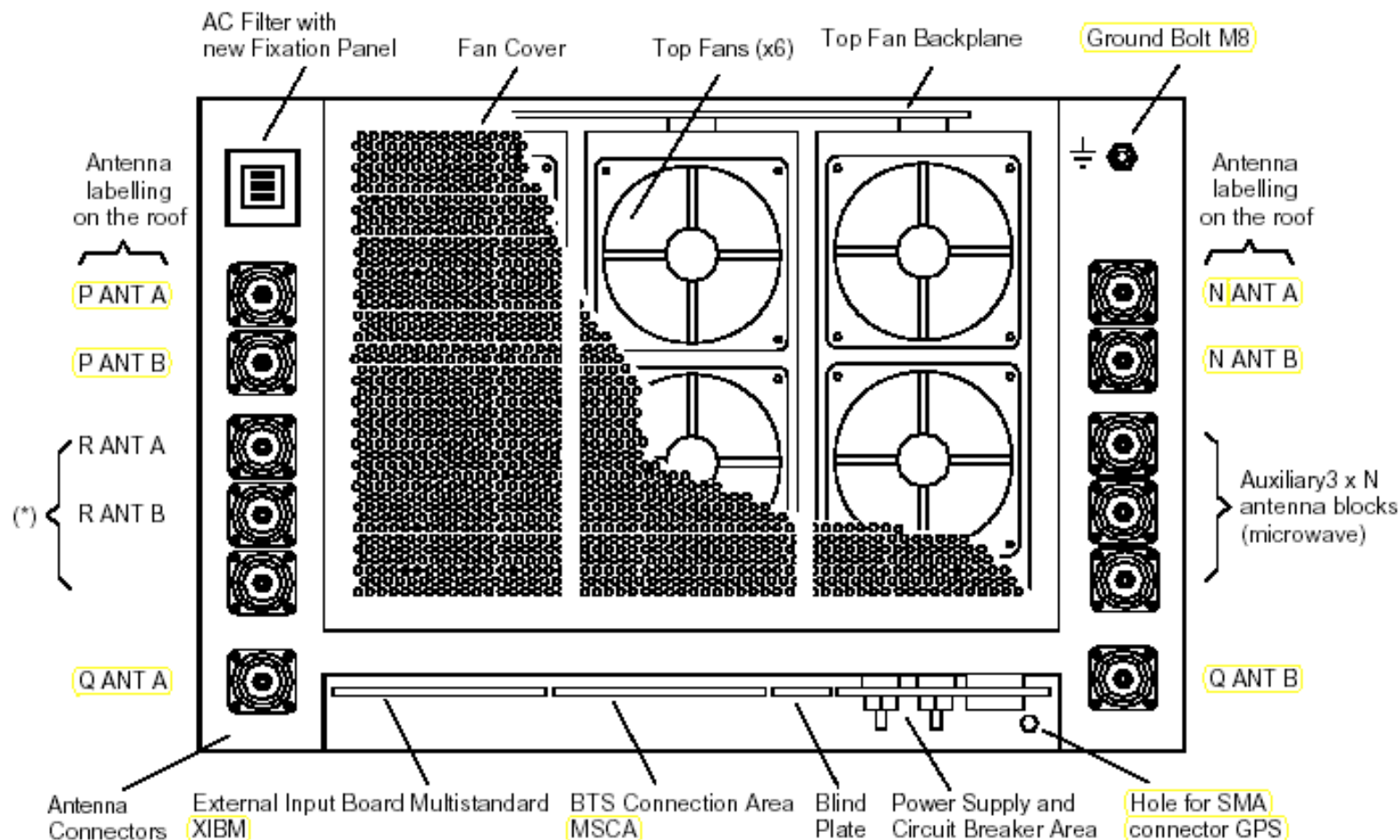
**STASR:** Standard Telecommunication Sub-rack

# STASR BACK-PLANE

## Connector Layout Front View



# MBI Rack Top View

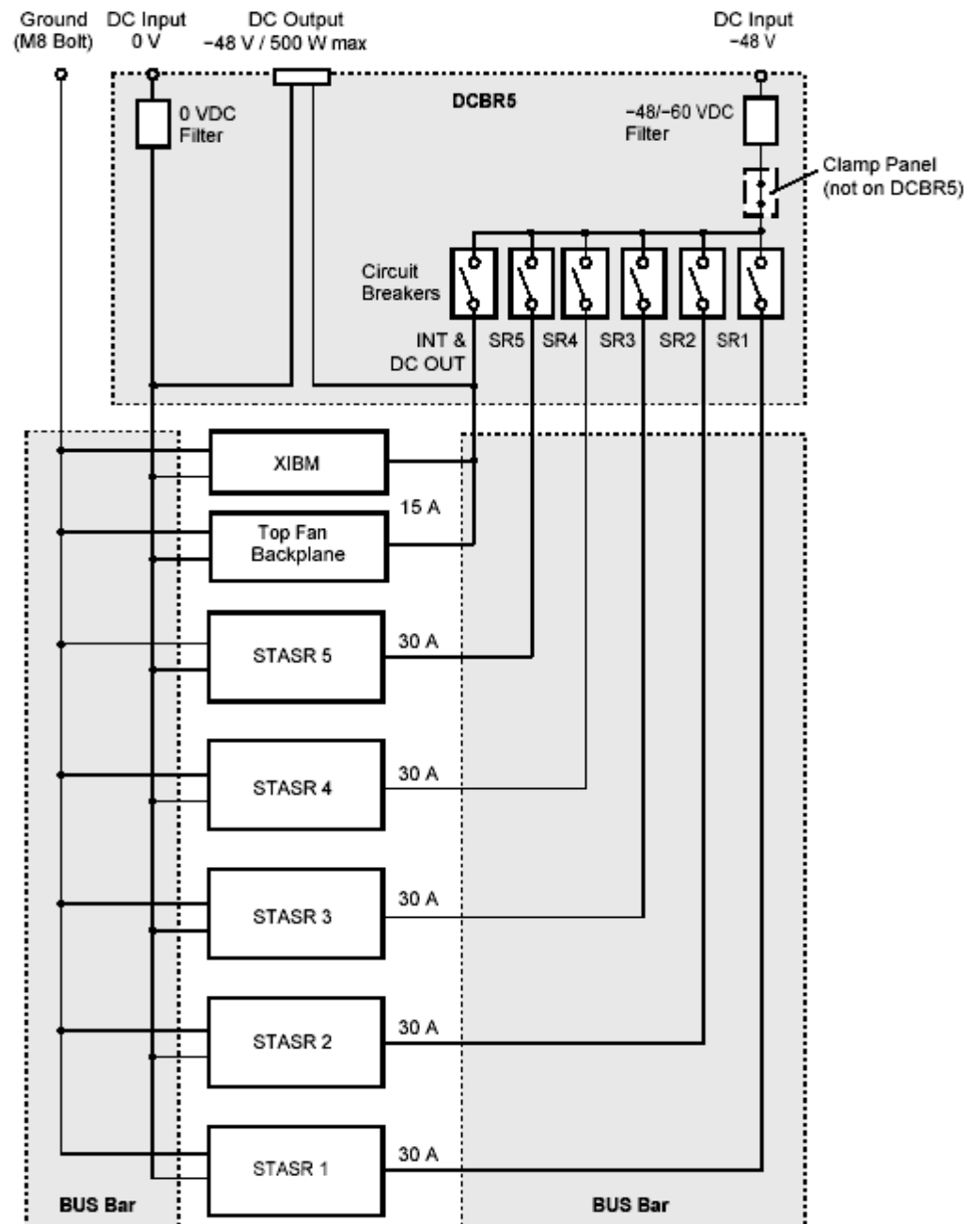


(\*) Auxiliary 3 x 7/16 antenna blocks

Note: Antenna connectors are not necessary completely equipped.

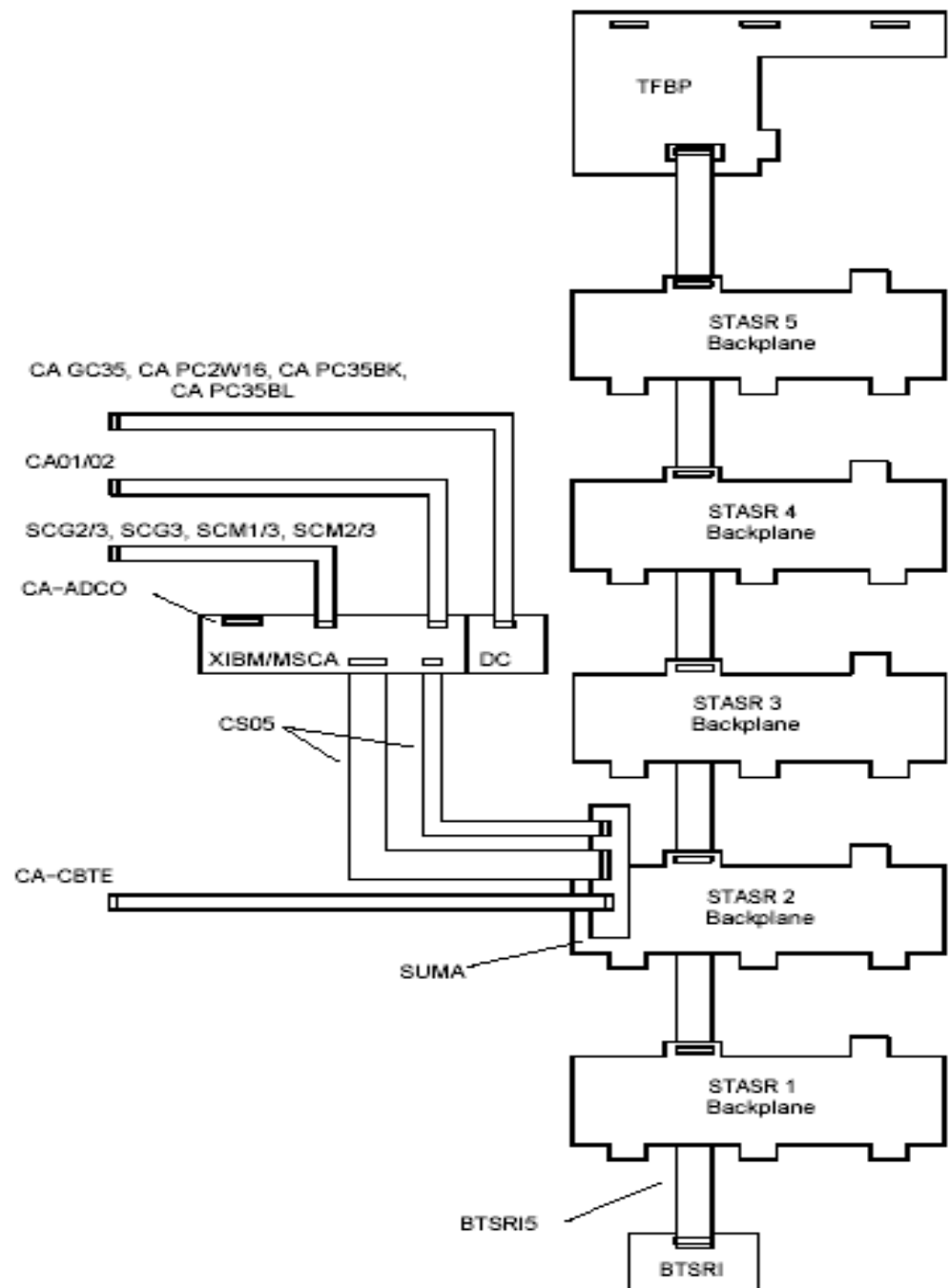
Figure 199: MBI3/MBI5 Top View

# MBI5 DC Power Interconnections

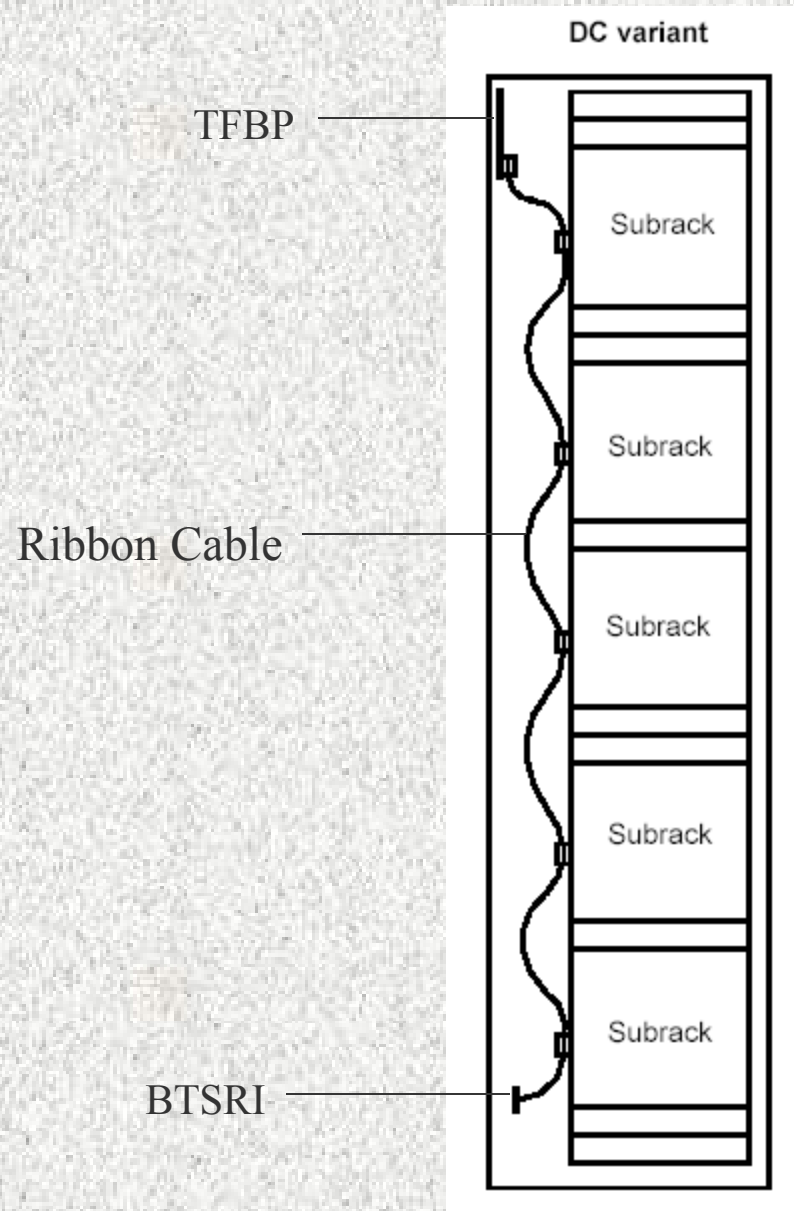




# MBI5 Data and Control Cabling



# MBI5 Subracks Interconnection cabling



# Naming Conventions for the BTS Configurations

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| 1x1...4         | means 1 sector with up to 4 TREs   |
| 3x1...2         | means 3 sectors with up to 2 TRXs per sector   |
| 1x1...2/1x1...2 | means Multiband configuration, with 1 sector and up to 2 TREs in Band 1, and 1 sector and up to 2 TREs in Band 2 |
| 1x(...2/...2)   | means Multiband configuration, with 1 sector and up to 2 TREs in each band                                       |

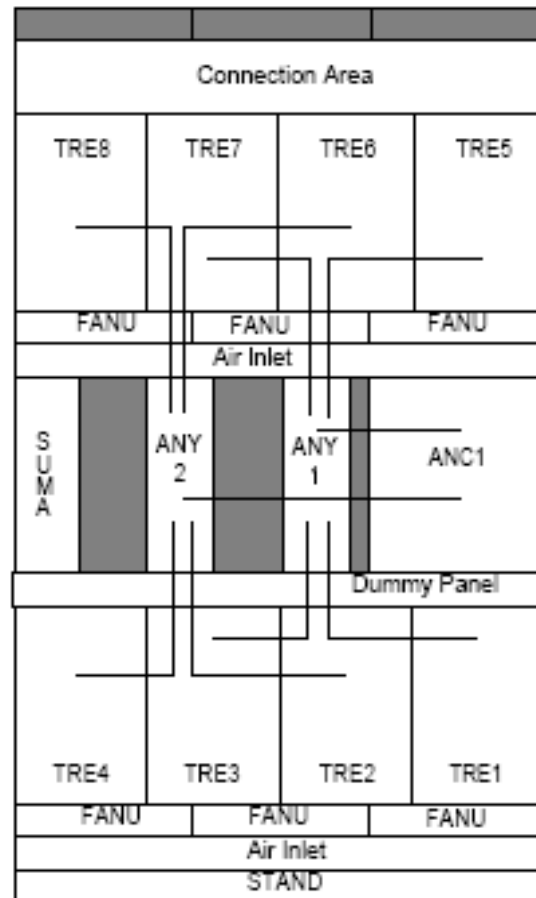
*Table 6: Naming Conventions Used for the BTS Configurations*

# CONFIGURATION NOMENCLATURE

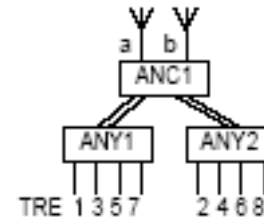
## Different type of Configurations

|  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
| <b>BTS-9100-IND-MBI5-1N, 1P, 1Q TRX900</b>           | <b>(MBI5 1,1,1G)</b>   |
| <b>BTS-9100-IND-MBI5-2N, 2P, 2Q TRX900</b>           | <b>(MBI5 2,2,2G)</b>   |
| <b>BTS-9100-IND-MBI5-3N, 3P, 3Q TRX900</b>           | <b>(MBI5 3,3,3G)</b>   |
| <b>BTS-9100-IND-MBI5-4N, 4P, 4Q TRX900</b>           | <b>(MBI5 4,4,4G)</b>   |
| <b>BTS-9100-IND-MBI3-4N, 0P, 0Q TRX900</b>           | <b>(MBI3 4,0,0G)</b>   |
|  |                        |
| <b>BTS-9100-OUT-MBO2-1N, 1P, 0Q TRX900-2HU-BU90</b>  | <b>(MBO2-1, 1G)</b>    |
| <b>BTS-9100-OUT-MBO2-2N, 2P, 0Q TRX900-2HU-BU90</b>  | <b>(MBO2-2, 2G)</b>    |
| <b>BTS-9100-OUT-MBO2-1N, 1P, 1Q TRX900-2HU-BU90</b>  | <b>(MBO2-1, 1, 1G)</b> |
| <b>BTS-9100-OUT-MBO2-1N, 1P, 1Q TRX1800-2HU-BU90</b> | <b>(MBO2-1, 1, 1D)</b> |

# BTS-9100-MBI3-8N,0P,0QG (MBI3 8,0,0G)



The BTS has 1 sector with n TREs



If more than 4 TREs, 2 ANYs are required. Pre-equipment possible

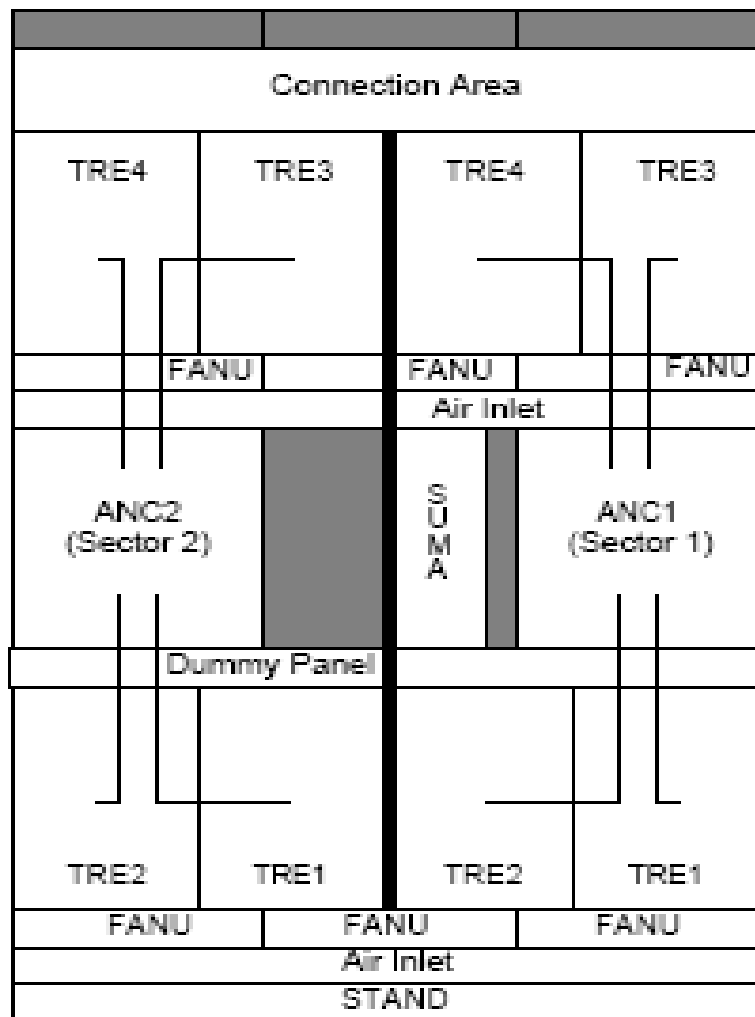
Up to 4 TREs, and if no ANY pre-equipped the TRE1 to TRE4 are directly connected to the ANC

The ANC can be replaced by the ANB in case of less than 3TREs

 Empty space

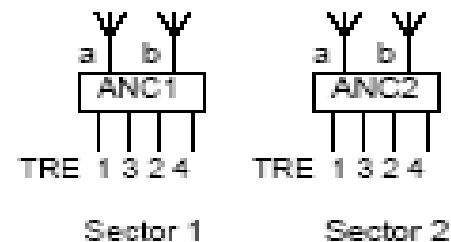
Figure 47: MBI3- 1x1...8 - DC Configuration

# BTS-9100-MBI3-4N,4P,0QG (MBI3 4,4,0G)



The BTS has 2 sectors:

- Sector 1 with n TREs,
- Sector 2 with p TREs

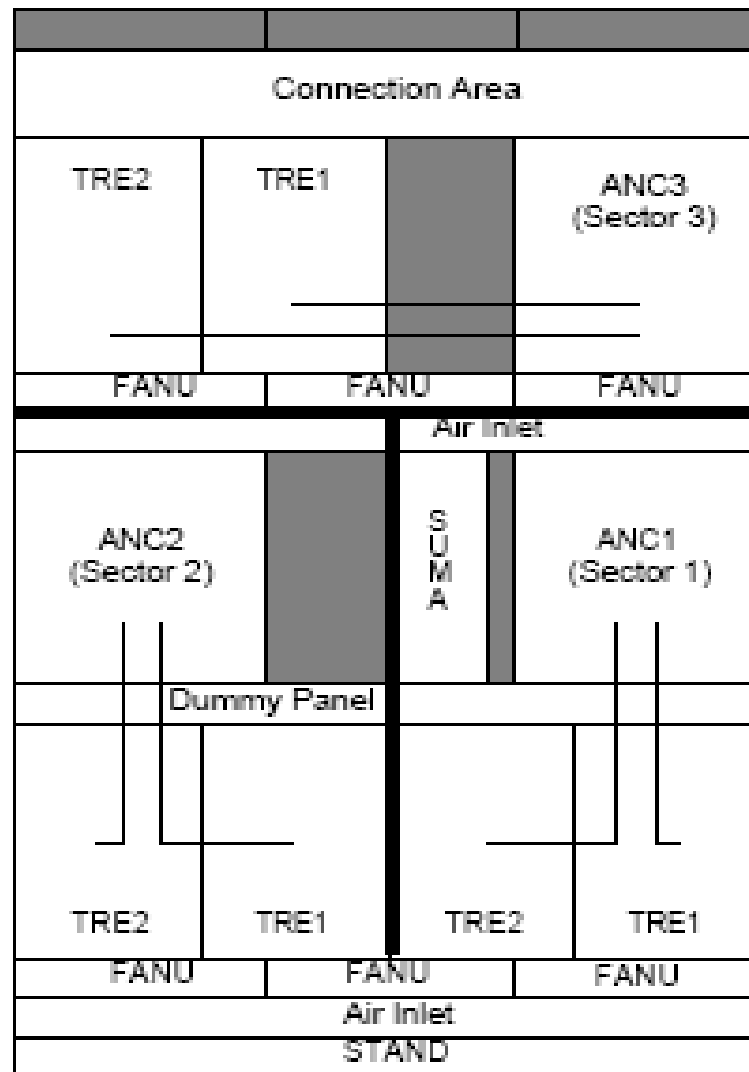


The ANC can be replaced by the ANB in case of less than 3TREs

 Empty space

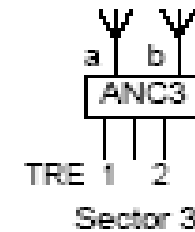
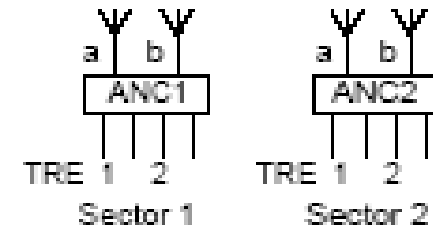
Figure 49: MBI3 - 2x1...4 - DC Configuration

# BTS-9100-MBI3-2N,2P,2QG (MBI3 2,2,2G)



The BTS has 3 sectors:

- Sector 1 with n TREs,
- Sector 2 with p TREs,
- Sector 3 with q TREs

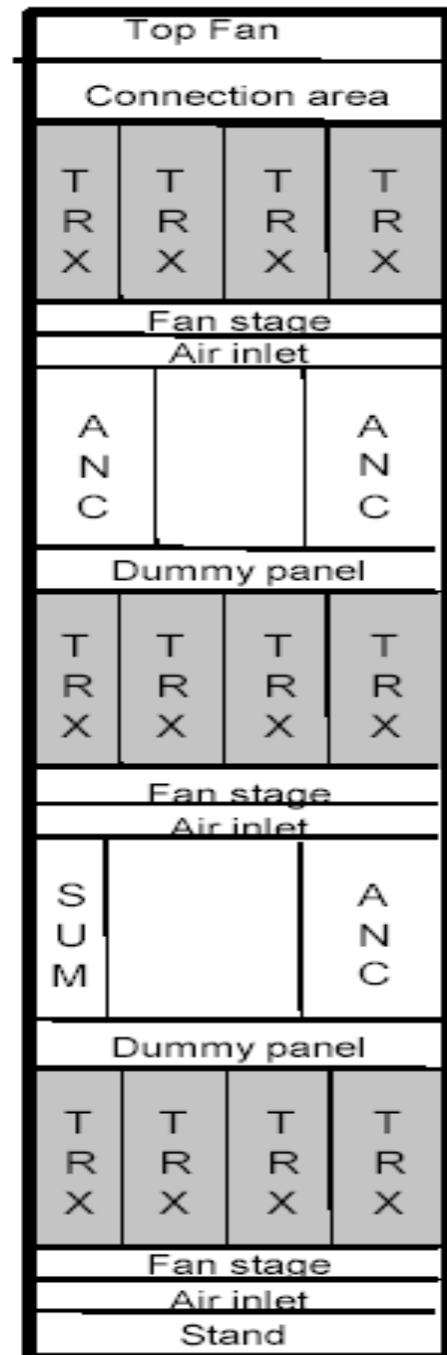


The ANC can be replaced by the ANB also

Empty space

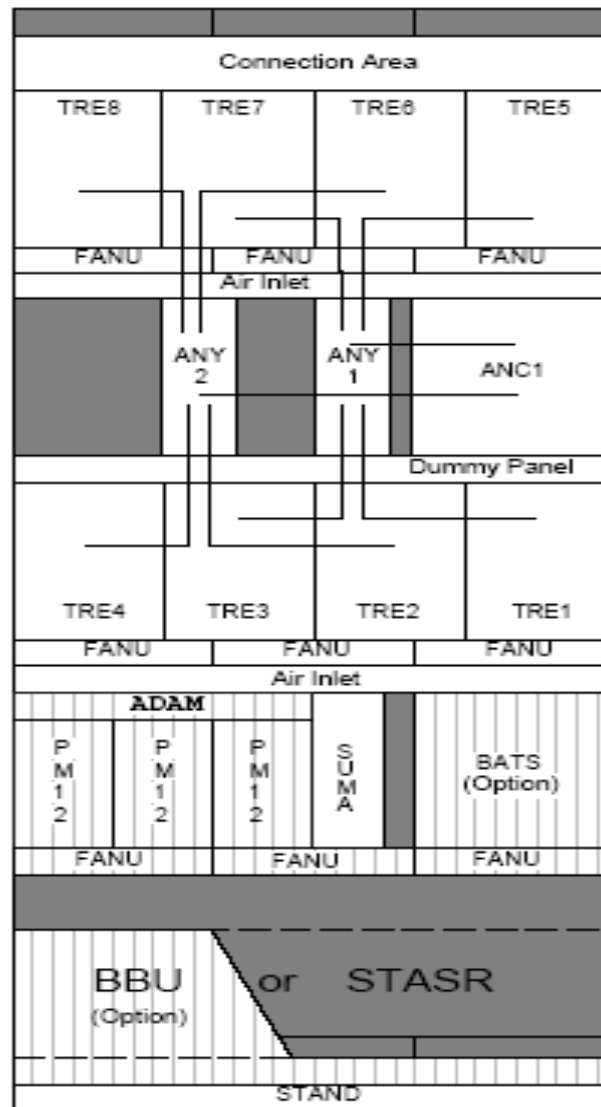
Figure 51: MBI3 - 3x1...2 - DC Configuration

# MBI5 with 4,4,4 Configuration

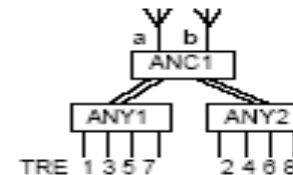




# BTS-9100-MBI5-8N,0P,0QG (MBI5 8,0,0G)



The BTS has 1 sector with n TREs



If more than 4 TREs, 2 ANYs are required. Pre-equipment possible

Up to 4 TREs, and if no ANY pre-equipped the TRE1 to TRE4 are directly connected to the ANC

The ANC can be replaced by the ANB in case of less than 3TREs



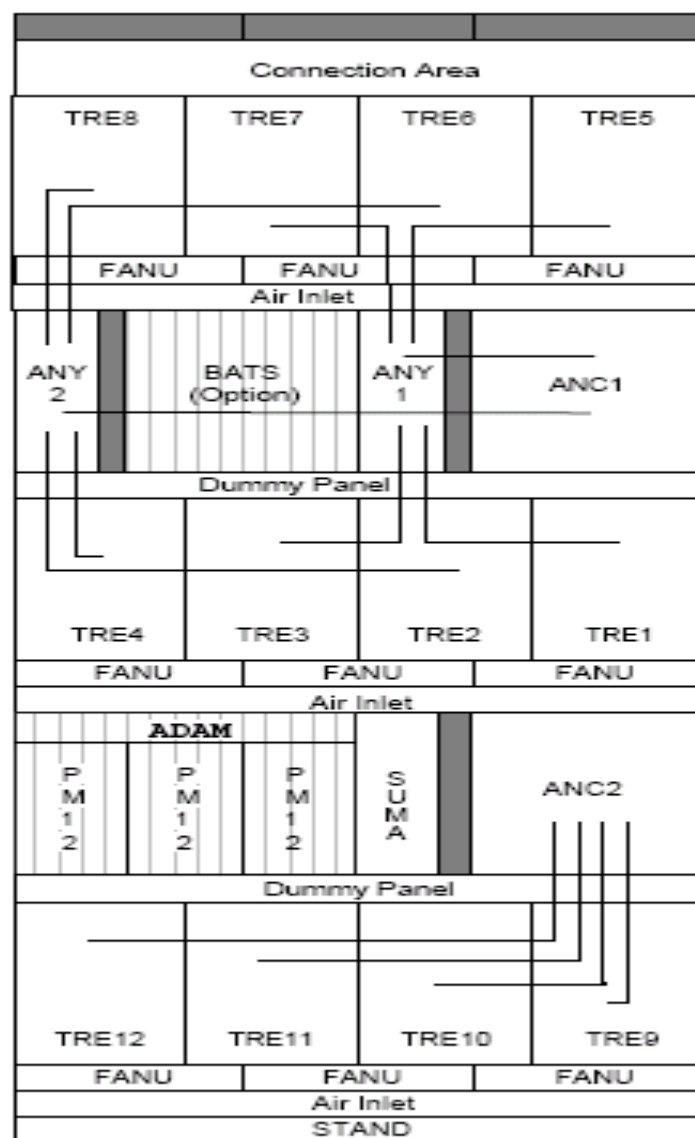
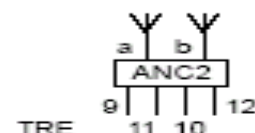
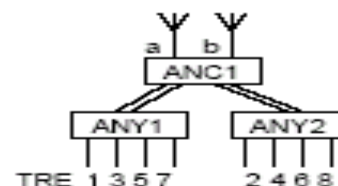
-  Modules present only in AC configuration
-  Empty space

Figure 53: MBI5 - 1x1...8 - AC or DC configuration

# MBI5 - 1x9...12 (Low Loss) - AC or DC



The BTS has 1 sector with n TREs



Both ANCs are set to the same sector number



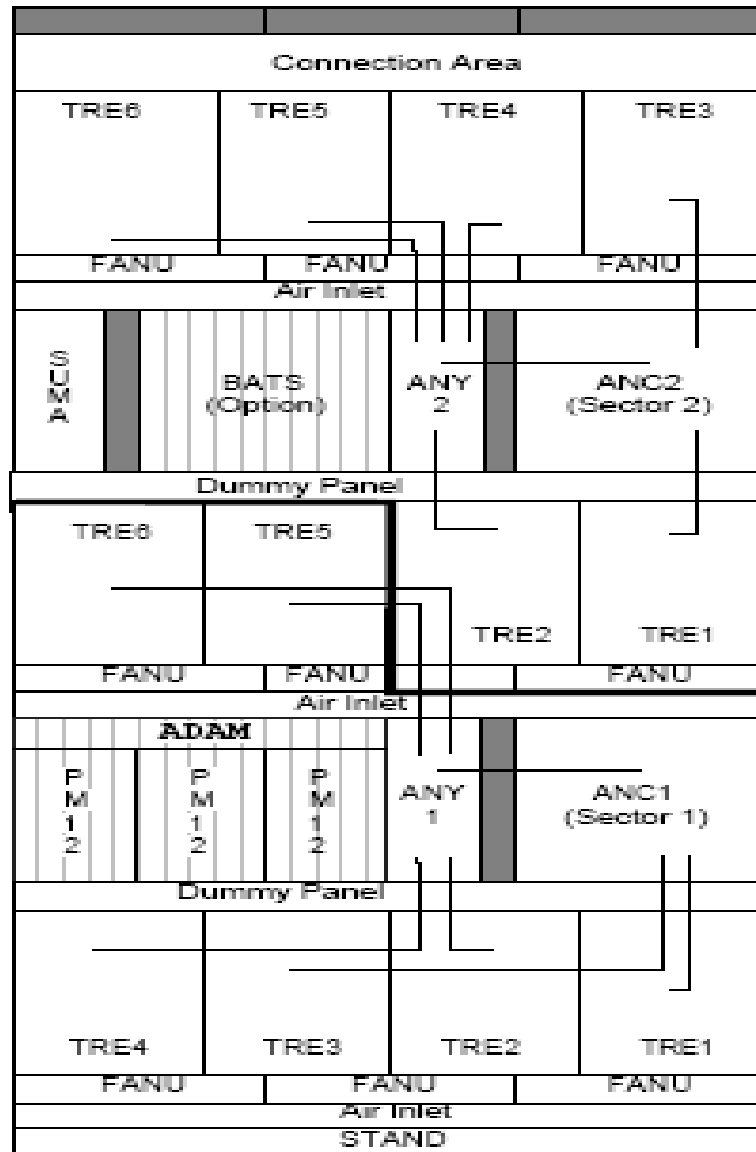
-  Modules present only in AC configuration
-  Empty space

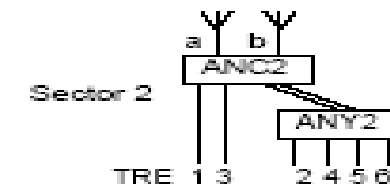
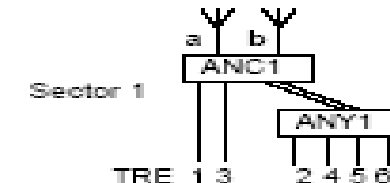
Figure 54: MBI5 - 1x9...12 (Low Loss) - AC or DC Configuration

# BTS-9100-MBI5-6N,6P,0QG (MBI5 6,6,0G)



The BTS has 2 sectors:

- Sector 1 with n TREs,
- Sector 2 with p TREs



In each sector:

If no more than 4 TREs, no ANY is required. TRE1 to 4 are then cabled on ANC.

The ANC can be replaced by the ANB in case of less than 3 TREs

- Modules present only in AC configuration
- Empty space

Figure 56: MBI5 - 2x1...6 - AC or DC Configuration

# BTS-9100-MBI5-4N,8P,0QG (MBI5 4,8,0G)

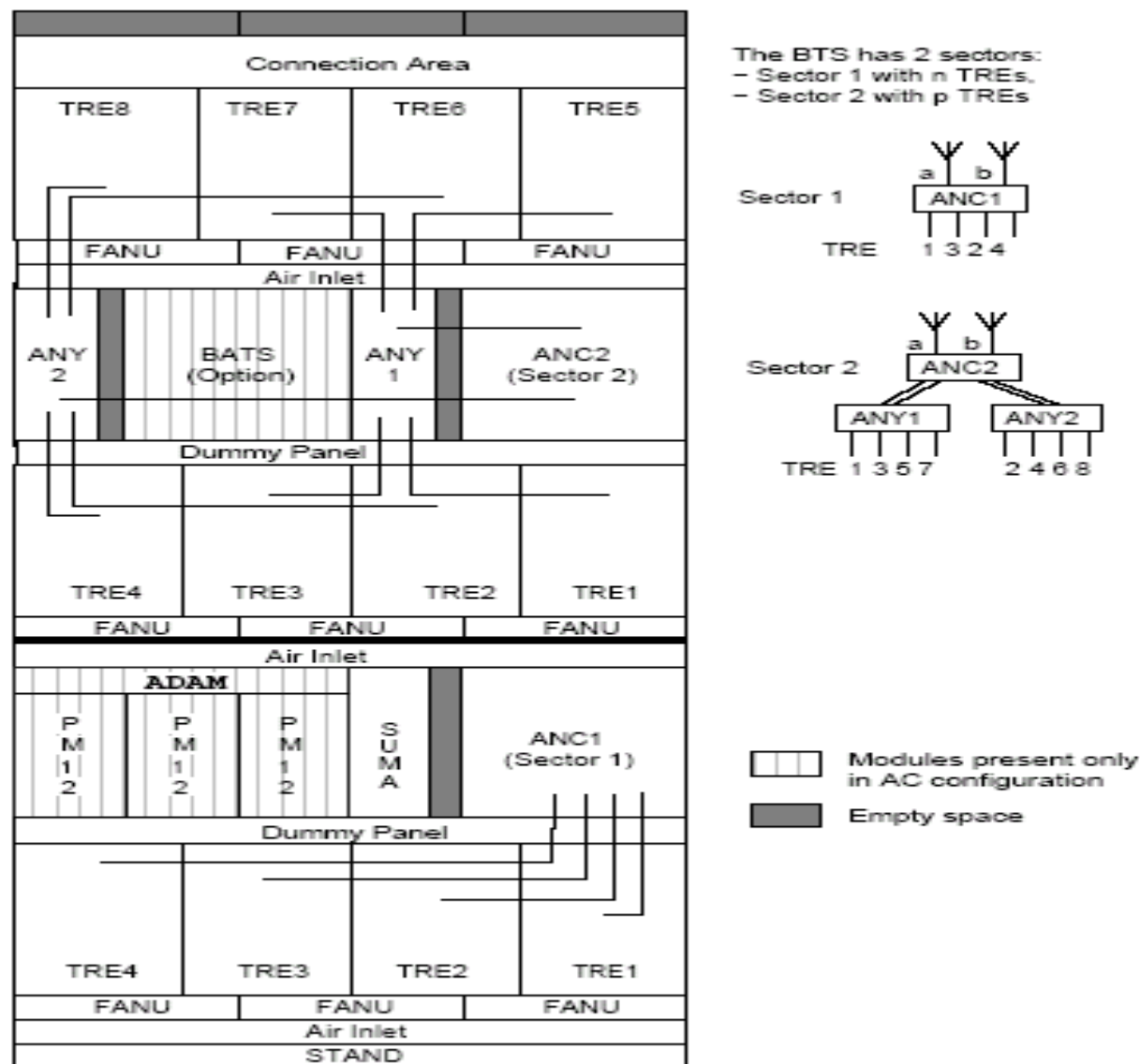


Figure 57: MBI5 - 1x1...8 + 1x1...4 - AC or DC Configuration

# BTS-9100-MBI5-4N,4P,4QG (MBI5 4,4,4G)

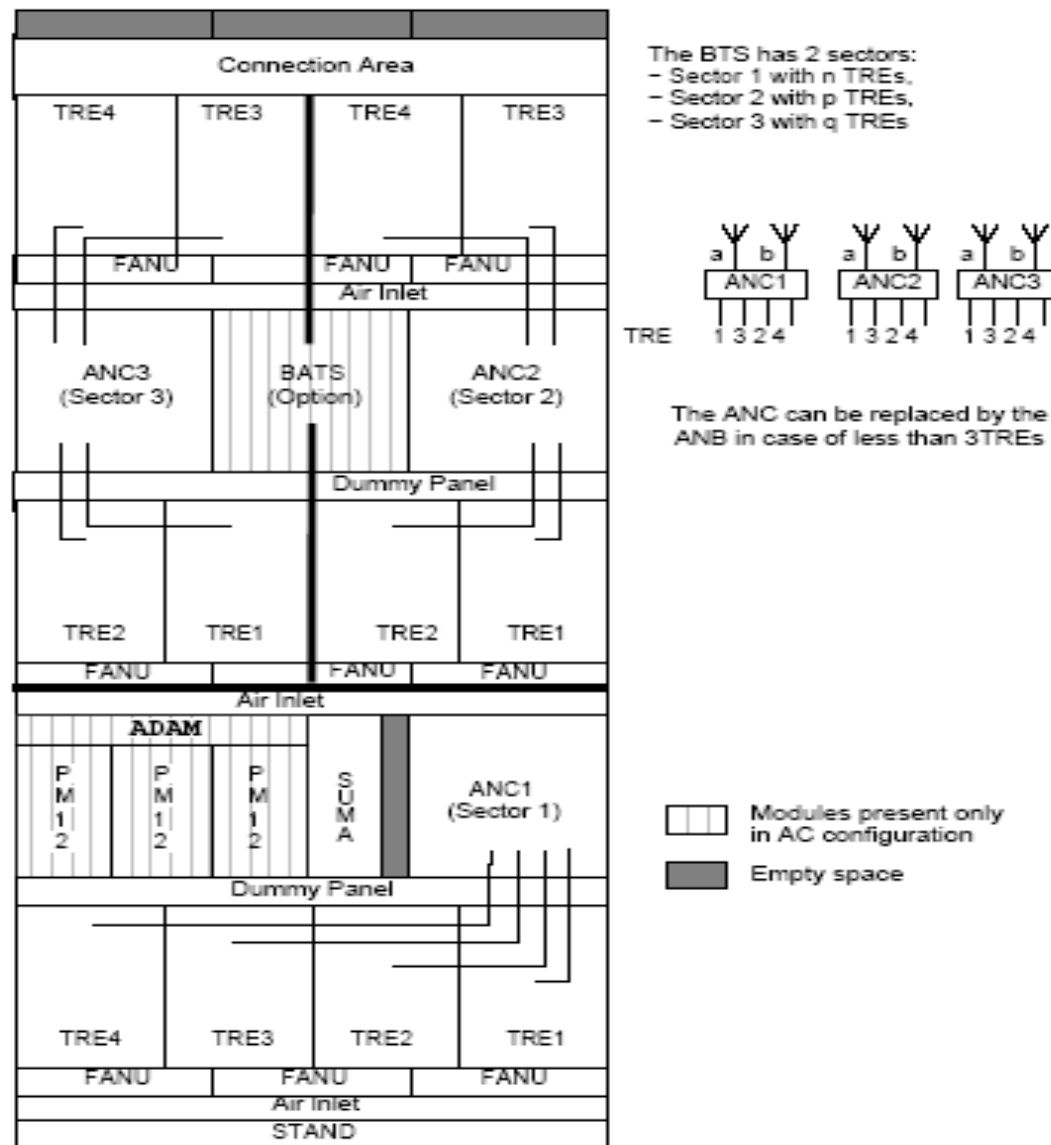
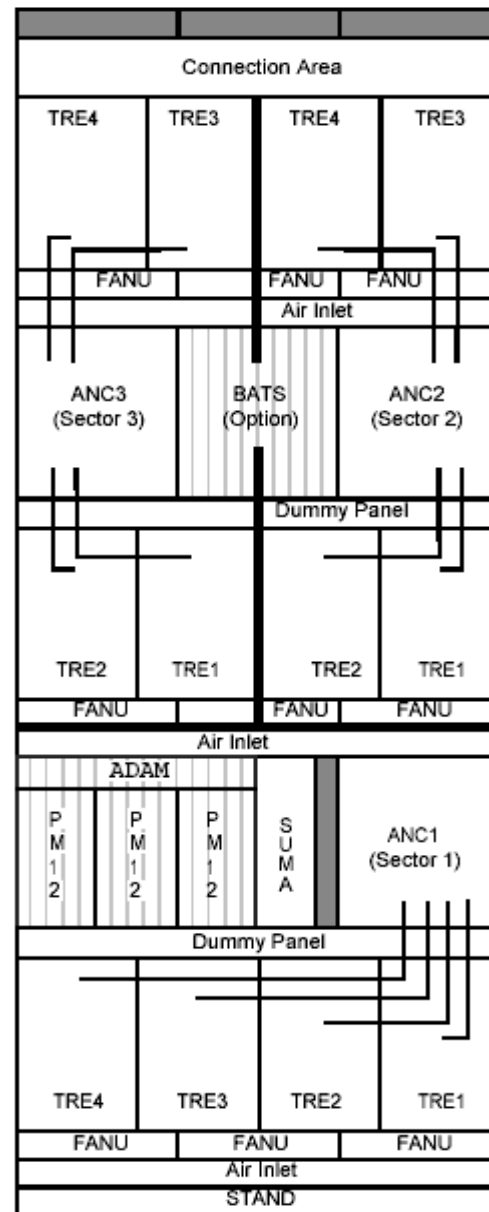


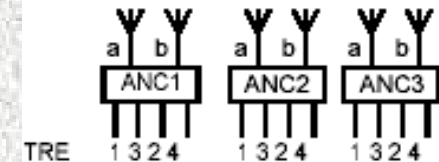
Figure 59: MBI5 - 3x1...4 - AC or DC Configuration

# BTS-9100-MBI5-4N,4P,4QG (MBI5 4,4,4G)



Note:  
Cards ADAM, PM12,  
and BATS(Opt) are  
used in AC version.



The BTS has 3 sectors:  
- Sector 1 with n TREs,  
- Sector 2 with p TREs,  
- Sector 3 with q TREs



The ANC can be replaced by the  
ANB in case of less than 3TREs

 Modules present only  
in AC configuration  
 Empty space

# BTS-9100-MBO1-8N,0P,0QG-HU (MBO1 8,0,0G-HU)

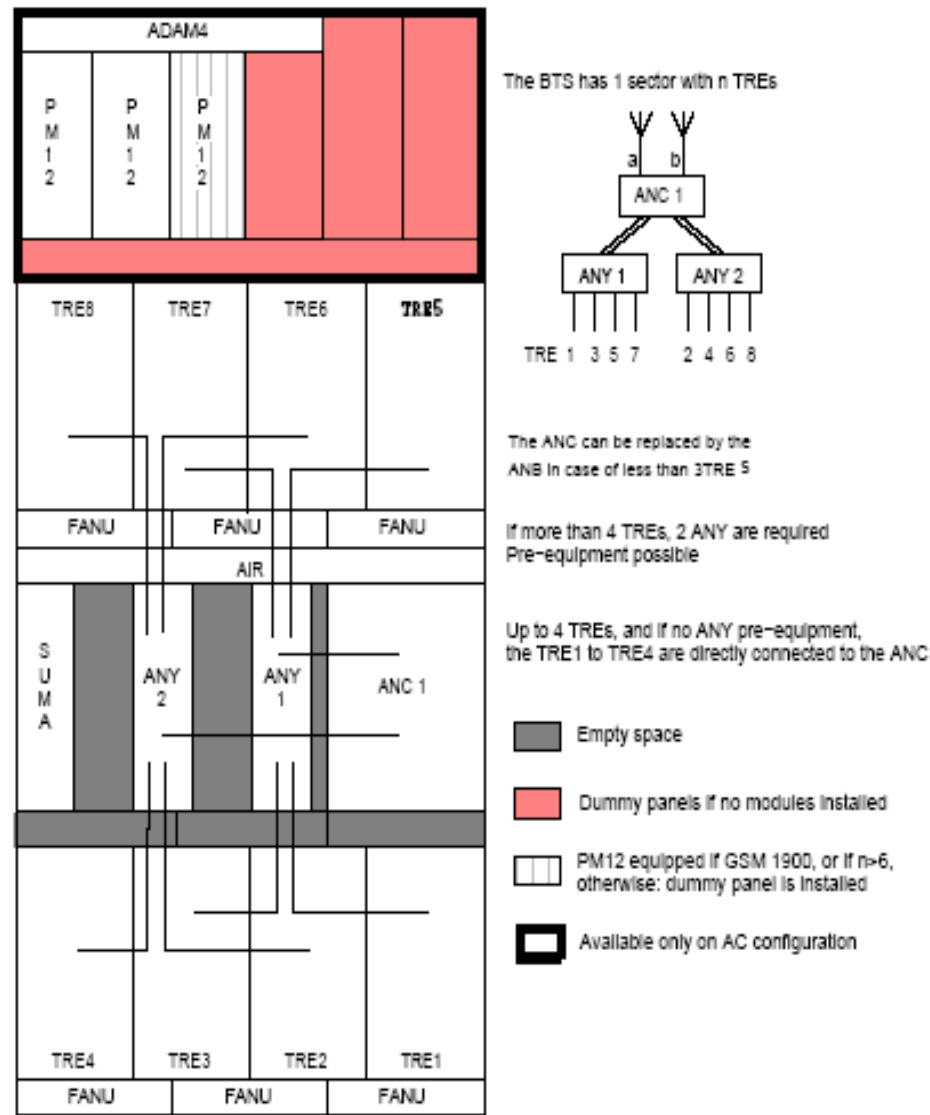


Figure 139: MBO1 - 1x1...8 Configuration

# BTS-9100-MBO1-4N,4P,0QG-HU (MBO1 4,4,0G-HU)

The following figure shows the rack layout of the MBO1 - 2x1...4 configuration.

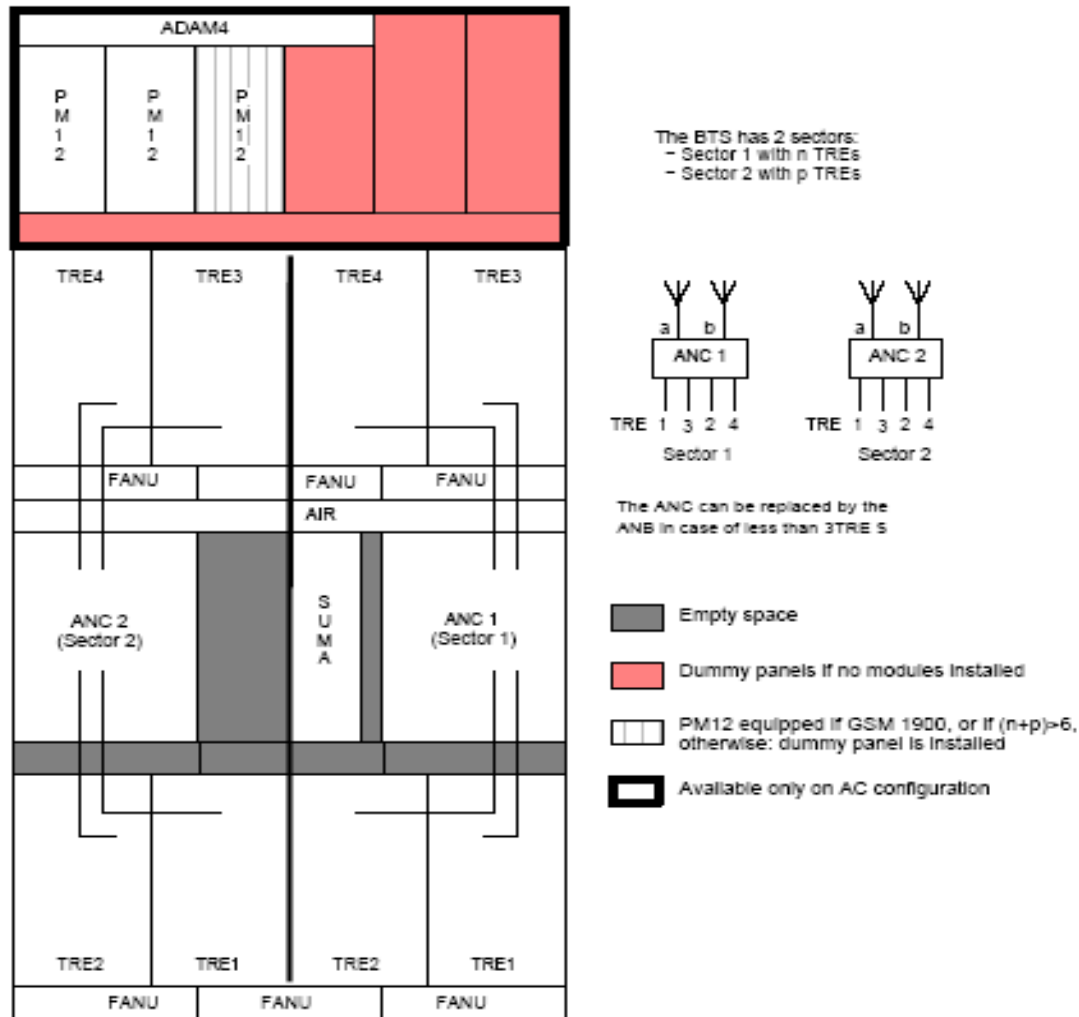


Figure 140: MBO1 - 2x1...4 Configuration



# BTS-9100-MBO1-2N,2P,2QG-HU (MBO1 2,2,2G-HU)

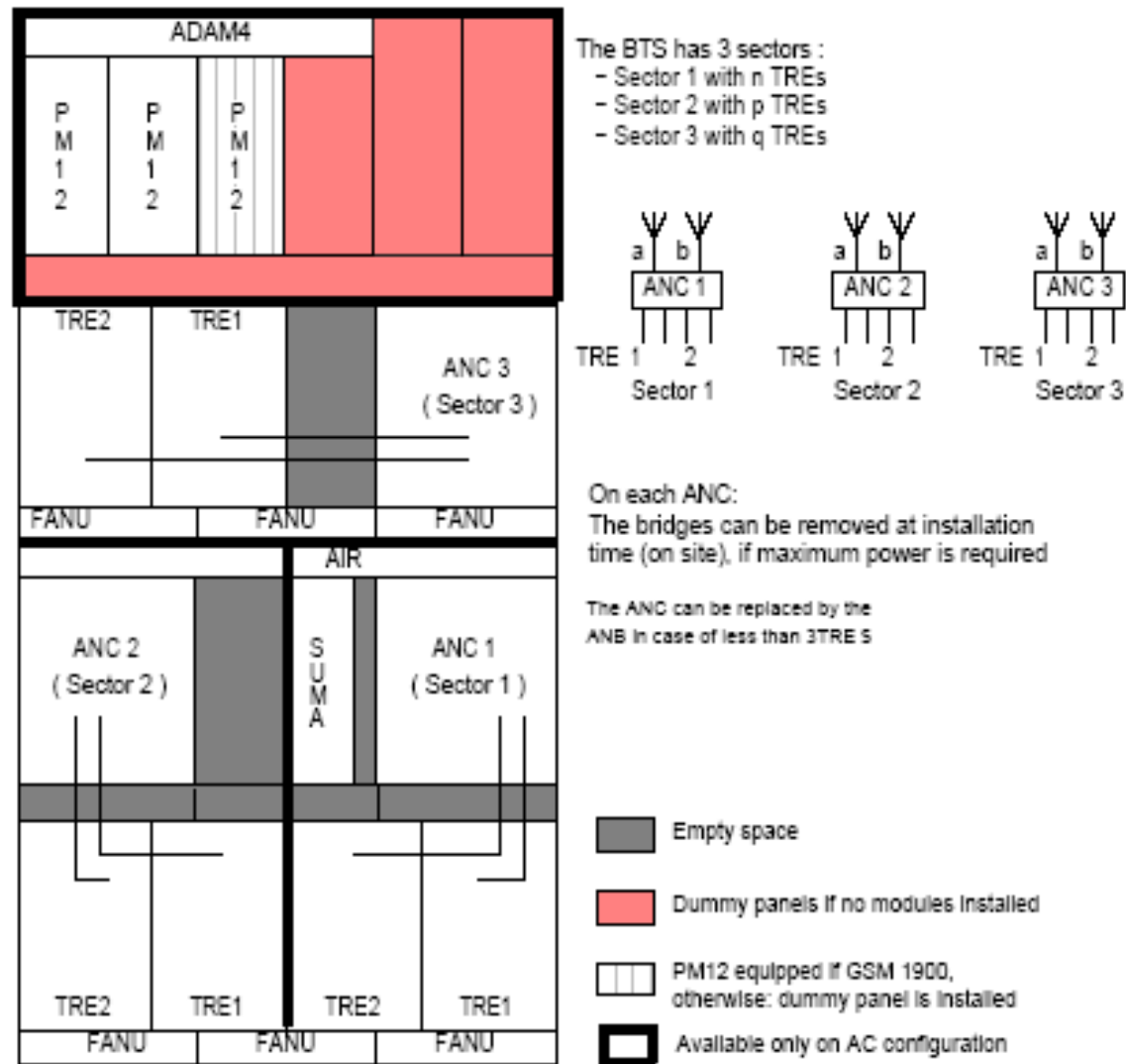
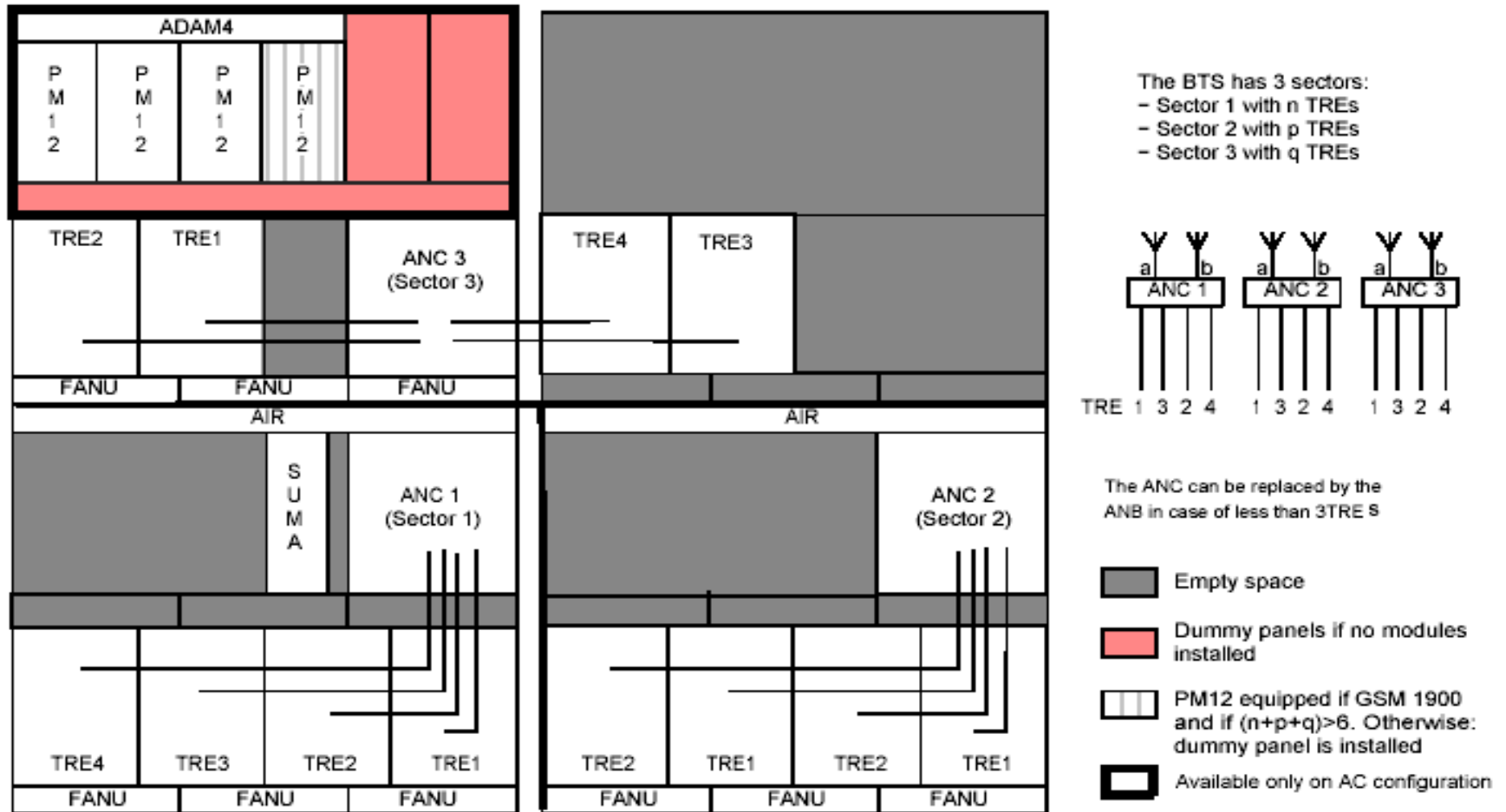


Figure 141: MBO1 - 3x1...2 Configuration

# OUTDOOR – BTS

## BTS-9100-OUT-MBO2-4N, 4P, 4Q TRX900-2HU-BU90 (MBO2-4, 4,4G)

The following figure shows the rack layout of the MBO2 - 3x1...4 configuration.



**MBO2:** Multistandard Base Station Outdoor

## **Present status of the Product with BSNL QA**

- Indoor BTS MBI model with upto GPRS,EDGE compatibility only has been offered till date.**
- The BTS offered is for GSM 900 only.**
- TSEC is yet to be issued due to want of some GR non compliances**
- At present only despatch clearance were issued and no Ics were issued for want of TSEC.**
- Out door BTS has not been offered yet for TSEC.**

END.